



HAMILTON



The latest **COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION (EU) 2019/794 of 15 May 2019** on a coordinated control plan with a view to establishing the prevalence of certain substances migrating from materials and articles intended to come into contact with food.

According to the 2019/794 UE recommendation all member states are obliged to implement a **coordinated control plan** for food contact articles and materials.

The general objective of the control plan is to establish the prevalence of substances migrating from food contact materials into food or the presence of substances in the food contact material. Competent Authorities of the Member States should therefore carry out official controls in order to establish the prevalence on the European Union market as regards:

- the migration of targeted substances from food contact materials,
- targeted substances in food contact materials,
- overall migration from plastic food contact materials.



Maintain a regular cooperation with J.S. Hamilton Poland Laboratory to provide a thorough control of food contact products.

According to the UE recommendation from 1st of June to 31st of December the following number of samples from the member states is going to undergo control:

100 samples

Belgium | Germany | Spain | France | Italy | the United Kingdom

75 samples

Czech Republic | Cyprus | Hungary | the Netherlands | Poland | Romania

50 samples

Denmark | Ireland | Greece | Croatia | Lithuania | Austria | Portugal | Sweden

25 samples

Bulgaria | Estonia | Latvia | Luxembourg | Malta | Slovenia | Slovakia | Finland

The table below sets out the types of food contact materials, which should be sampled together with the substances for which migration from those food contact materials should be analysed, except in the case of fluorinated compounds for which the quantity in the material should be analysed.

| Substances to be tested | Food contact material to be sampled |
|--|---|
| Primary aromatic amines (PAA) | Plastic tableware and kitchenware and printed food contact materials including paper and board |
| Formaldehyde and Melamine | Plastic tableware and kitchenware including non-conventional plastic kitchenware and tableware, such as reusable coffee cups using additives in the plastic derived from natural sources such as bamboo |
| Phenol | Plastic kitchenware and tableware; varnished or coated materials and; printed plastic and paper and board packaging materials |
| Bisphenols including BPA and BPS | Polycarbonate plastic (BPA) and polyethersulfone plastic (BPS); coated metal packaging (e.g. cans, lids) |
| Phthalates and non-phthalate plasticisers | Plastic materials and articles, in particular those manufactured using polyvinylchloride (PVC) such as thermoformed sheets, flexible packaging and tubing; closures and lids |
| Fluorinated compounds | Paper and board based materials and articles, including those used to wrap fast-food, takeaway and bakery products and microwave popcorn bags |
| Metals | Ceramic, enamel, vitreous and metal kitchenware and tableware including artisanal and traditionally produced materials and articles |
| Overall migration | Non-conventional plastic kitchenware and tableware, such as reusable coffee cups using additives in the plastic derived from natural sources such as bamboo |

Feel free to contact us:

