## SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION FOR TESTING LABORATORY No. AB 079 issued by POLSKIE CENTRUM AKREDYTACJI 01-382 Warszawa, ul. Szczotkarska 42

Issue 63 of 11.12.2023

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	Name and address
	J.S. HAMILTON POLAND Sp. z o.o. TESTING LABORATORY
ert	ul. Chwaszczyńska 180
BADANIA	81-571 Gdynia
AB 079	
Identification code $*$	Field of testing and item:
- B/1, B/4, B/17, B/22, B/42, B/55, B/57	<ul> <li>Biological and biochemical tests of agricultural products – including animal feedstuffs, chemical products, other products, food,cosmetics, fertilizers, animal feedstuffs, objects from food production area</li> </ul>
- C/28/P, C/29/P, C/30/P, C/31/P, C/32/P	- Chemical tests and sampling of water, drinking water, sewage, soil, sediments, waste
<ul> <li>C/1, C/4, C/6, C/10,</li> <li>C/17, C/18, C/21, C/22,</li> <li>C/23, C/25, C/42, C/43,</li> <li>C/45, C/47, C/48, C/49,</li> <li>C/53, C/54, C/55</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chemical tests of agricultural products – including feedstuffs, chemical products, electrical, products and equipment, fuels (gas, liquid, solid), other products, paper, cardboard, plastic and rubber products, foods, textiles, toys, cosmetics, fertilizers, paints and lacquers, crude oil, other petroleum products, packaging materials, electrical, telecommunication and electronic products and equipment, electronic equipment, animal feedstuffs</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>K/9/P, K/28/P, K/29/P,</li> <li>K/30/P, K/32/P</li> </ul>	- Microbiological tests and sampling of air, water, drinking water, sewage, sediments

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<sup>1</sup> The identification code according to the Annex to document DAB-07, available at PCA website www.pca.gov.pl

This document is an annex to accreditation certificate No. AB 079 of 03.08.2020 Accreditation cycle from 25.05.2022 to 31.05.2026

The status of accreditation and validity of the scope of accreditation can be confirmed at PCA website www.pca.gov.pl

## SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION FOR TESTING LABORATORY No. AB 079 issued by POLSKIE CENTRUM AKREDYTACJI 01-382 Warszawa, ul. Szczotkarska 42

Issue 63 of 11.12.2023

	Name and address
PCA Polskie Centrum Arredytacji	J.S. HAMILTON POLAND Sp. z o.o.
$\succ$	ul. Chwaszczyńska 180
BADANIA	81-571 Gdynia
AB 079	
Identification code $^{*)}$	Field of testing and item:
<ul> <li>K/1, K/3, K/4, K/9, K/10,</li> <li>K/12, K/17, K/18, K/21,</li> <li>K/22, K/27, K/42, K/49,</li> <li>K/55, K/57</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Microbiological tests of agricultural products, biological materials for testing, chemical products, liquid fuels, glass and ceramics, other products, paper, cardboard, plastic and rubber products, food, wood, cosmetics, packaging materials, animal feedstuffs, objects from food production area</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>N/28/P, N/29P, N/30/P,</li> <li>N/31/P, N/32/P</li> </ul>	- Tests of physical properties and sampling of water, drinking water, sewage, soil, sediments, waste
<ul> <li>N/1, N/4; N/10, N/18,</li> <li>N/21, N/22, N/23, N/25,</li> <li>N/42, N/47, N/48, N/49,</li> <li>N/55</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tests of physical properties of agricultural products, chemical products, fuels, paper, cardboard, plastic and rubber products, food, textiles, toys, cosmetics, crude oil, other petroleum products, packaging materials, animal feedstuffs</li> </ul>
- Q/28/P, Q/29/P	- Sensory tests and sampling of water, drinking water
- Q/1, Q/4, Q/6, Q/10, Q/12, Q/17, Q/18, Q/21, Q/22, Q/42, Q/49	<ul> <li>Sensory tests of agricultural products, chemical products, electrical products, fuels, glass and ceramics, other products, paper, cardboard, plastic and rubber products, food, cosmetics, packaging materials</li> </ul>
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<sup>1)</sup> The identification code according to the Annex to document DAB-07, available at PCA website www.pca.gov.pl

This document is an annex to accreditation certificate No. AB 079 of 03.08.2020 Accreditation cycle from 25.05.2022 to 31.05.2026 The status of accreditation and validity of the scope of accreditation can be confirmed at PCA website *www.pca.gov.pl* 

Fuel Laboratory Gdynia Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia			
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil, light heating fuel	Cetane index (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 4264:2018-08	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil, unleaded petrol, light heating fuel, marine fuel	Copper strip test Range: class (1 – 4) Visual method	PN-EN ISO 2160:2004	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil, light heating fuel, heavy heating fuel, marine fuel	Kinematic viscosity at temperature 40°C, 50 °C and 100 °C Capillary method Range: (2,000 – 50,00) mm <sup>2</sup> /s Dynamic viscosity (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 3104:2021-03, Procedure A	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil, light heating fuel, marine fuel	Water content Range: (0,003 – 0,100) % (m/m) Coulometric titration method	PN-EN ISO 12937:2005	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil, light heating fuel, marine fuel	Contamination content Range: (6 – 30) mg/kg Gravimetric method	PN-EN 12662:2014-05	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil, light heating fuel, heavy heating fuel, marine fuel	Pour point Range: (-33 – +30) °C Visual method	PN-EN ISO 3016:2019-06	
	Ash content Range: (0,001 – 0,180) % (m/m) Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 6245:2008	
Liquid fuels: light heating fuel, heavy heating fuel, marine fuel	Sulphur content Range: (0,03 – 3,0) % (m/m) Energy-dispersive X ray fluorescence spectrometry method	PN-EN ISO 8754:2007+Ap1:2014- 02	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil, light heating fuel, marine fuel	Cloud point Range: (-40 – 0) °C Visual method	PN-EN ISO 3015:2019-06	
Liquid fuels: unleaded petrol	Gum content Range: Solvent-washed gum (1,0 – 10,0) mg/100 ml Unwashed gum (1,0 – 100,0) mg/100 ml Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 6246:2017-05+A1:2020- 03 except p. 8 and 9	
	Oxidation stability Range: (200– 600) min Induction period method	PN-EN ISO 7536:2011	
	Air saturated vapor pressure (ASVP) Range: (50,0 – 90,0) kPa Mini Reid method Dry vapour pressure equivalent	PN-EN 13016-1:2018-05	
	(DVPE) (calculated)		
	Benzene content Range: (0,1 – 2,0) % (v/v) IR spectrometry method	PN-EN 238:2000 PN-EN 238:2000/A1:2008	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Liquid fuels:	Hydrocarbon types content	PN-EN 15553:2022-05
unleaded petrol	Range	
	Aromatic hydrocarbons	
	(20,0-40,0) % $(V/V)$	
	(1.0 - 20.0) % (v/v)	
	Saturated hydrocarbons	
	(45,0 – 68,0) %	
	(v/v) Fluorescent indicator adsorption	
	method (FIA method)	
Liquid fuels:	Fatty acid methyl esters content	PN-EN 14078:2014-06
diesel oil	(FAME)	
	Range: $(0,05 - 22,7) \% (V/V)$	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil	Sulphur content	PN-EN ISO 20846-2020-03
unleaded petrol light heating	Bange: $(3.0 - 60.0)$ mg/kg	1 N-LN 130 20040.2020-03
fuel, marine fuel	Ultraviolet fluorescence method	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil, light	Flash point	PN-EN ISO 2719:2016-08
heating fuel, heavy heating fuel,	Range: (40,0 – 140,0) °C	+A1:2021-06
marine fuel	Pensky-Martens closed cup method	
Liquid fuels:	Cold filter plugging point (CFPP)	PN-EN 116:2015-09
diesel oil, light heating fuels	Range: (-41 – 0) °C	
Liquid fueles discal sile fatty asid	Optical method	
Liquid fuels: diesel olis, fatty acid	Didation stability	PN-EN 15751:2014-05
	Conductometric method	
Liquid fuels: diesel oil. light	Carbon residue	PN-EN ISO 10370:2014-12
heating fuel, marine fuel	Range: (0,01 – 15,00) % (m/m)	
	Gravimetric method	
	Oxidation stability	PN-EN ISO 12205:2011
	Range: (2 – 25) g/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Gravimetric method	DNL 0.04000-0040.05
Liquid fuels: diesel oil, light	Gross calorific value	PN-C-04062:2018-05
heating fuel, heavy heating fuel	Calorimetric method	
	Net calorific value	
	(calculated)	
Liquid fuels:	Water content	PN-EN ISO 9029:2005
heavy heating fuel	Range: (0,05 – 25) % (m/m)	
	Distillation method	
LIQUID TUPIS:	Distillation characteristics Bange: $(10.0 - 400.0)$ °C	PIN-EN ISU 3405:2019-05
heating fuel, marine fuel	Distillation method	
Chemical products:	Density	PN-EN ISO 12185:2002
solvents	Range: $(600,0 - 1,100)$ kg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Oscillating method	
Liquid fuels:	Density	PN-EN ISO 12185:2002
heavy heating fuel	Range: (890,0 – 990) kg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Oscillating method	
Spirits and alcoholic beverages	Alcohol strength (ethyl alcohol)	PN-A-79528-3:2007
	Range: (30,0 – 99,9) %	
	Oscillating method	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Gaseous fuels: Liquefied hydrocarbon gases.	Detection of hydrogen sulphide Visual method	PN-EN ISO 8819:2000
LPG	Sulphur content Range: (1,0 – 196) mg/kg	ASTM D 6667-21
	Copper strip test Range: class (1 – 4) Visual method	PN-EN ISO 6251:2001
	Detection of water Visual method	PN-EN 15469:2009
	Net calorific value (calculated)	PN-C-96008:1998
	Hydrocarbons composition Range: (0,1 – 100) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	PN-ISO 7941:1993+Ap1:2002 PN-EN 27941:2015-12
	Total dienes content Range: $(0,1 - 1,0)$ % (mol/mol) (0,1 - 1,0) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC- FID)	PN-ISO 7941:1993+Ap1:2002 PN-EN 27941:2015-12
	Motor octane number MON (calculated)	PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07 app. B
	Density at temperature 15 °C (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 8973:2000+A1:2020-10
	Density at temperature 15,6 °C (calculated)	PN-C-96008:1998
	Vapor pressure at temperature -15 °C (calculated)	PN-C-96008:1998
	Vapor pressure at temperatures: -10 °C, -5 °C, 0 °C, 10 °C, 37,8 °C, 40 °C, 50 °C, 70 °C (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 8973:2000+A1:2020-10 PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07 app. C
	Temperature, at which the relative vapour pressure is not less than 150 kPa (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 8973:2000+A1:2020-10 PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07
	Odour Organoleptic method	PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07 app. A
	Mineral oil residue Range: (0,0002 – 0,0100) % (m/m) Gravimetric method	PN-C-96008:1998
	Dissolved residues Range: (30 – 100) mg/kg Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15471:2017-08
	Hydrocarbons composition Range: (0,10 – 100,0) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	DIN 51619:2004-02
	1,3 butadiene content Range: (0,01 – 1,00) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	DIN 51619:2004-02
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Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Gaseous fuels:	Total dienes content	DIN 51619:2004-02
Liquefied hydrocarbon gases,	Range: (0,10 – 1,00) % (m/m)	
LPG	Gas chromatography method with	
	flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	
Gaseous fuels:	Oxygen, carbon dioxide, nitrogen content	PB-208 ed. I of 31.01.2013
natural gas	Range:	
	Oxygen $(0.05 - 20) \% (mol/mol)$	
	(0.5 - 65.0) % (mol/mol)	
	Gas chromatography-thermal conductivity	
	detection method (GC-TCD)	
Gaseous fuels:	Hydrocarbons composition	PB-207 ed. I of 31.01.2013
natural gas	Range:	
	Methane (0,03 – 100) % (mol/mol)	
	Ethane (0,03-15) % (mol/mol)	
	Propane (0,03-100) % (mol/mol)	
	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Butane} & (0,03-25) \% (1101/1101) \\ \text{Iso-butane} & (0,03-25) \% (mol/mol) \end{array}$	
	Pentane (0.03-1) % (mol/mol)	
	Iso-pentane (0,03-1) % (mol/mol)	
	2,2-dimethylpropane	
	(0,03-1) % (mol/mol)	
	$C_{6+}$ (0,03 – 1) % (mol/mol)	
	Gas chromatography method with hame	
	Gross calorific value	PN-EN ISO 6976:2016-11
	Net calorific value	
	(calculated)	
	Density	
	(calculated)	
	Relative density	
	(calculated)	
l iquid fuels:	Density	PN-EN ISO 12185-2002
fatty acids methyl esters (FAME)	Range: (860.0 – 900.0) kg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Oscillating method	
	Kinematic viscosity at temperature 40 °C	PN-EN ISO 3104:2021-03
	Range: (3,500 – 5,000) mm <sup>2</sup> /s	Procedure A
	Capillary method	
	Flash point Bange: $(90.0-180.0) \circ C$	PN-EN ISO 27 19:2016-08
	Pensky-Martens closed cup method	TAT.2021-00
	Copper strip test	PN-EN ISO 2160:2004
	Range: corrosion degree 1 – 4	
	Visual method	
	Water content	PN-EN 12937:2005
	nange: (0,010 – 0,100) % (m/m) Coulometric titration method	
Liquid fuels:	Contamination content	PN-EN 12662:2014-05
fatty acids methyl esters (FAME)	Range: (6 – 30) mg/kg	
	Gravimetric method	
	Sulphur content	PN-EN ISO 20846:2020-03
	Range: (3,0 – 15,0) mg/kg	
Animal and vegetable fate and alle	Ultraviolet fluorescence method	DN EN ISO 8534-2017 02
Animai anu vegetable lats anu olis	Bange: $(0.05 - 2.0) \% (m/m)$	I N-LIN ISO 0334.2017-03
	Potentiometric titration method	

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Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Liquid fuels: diesel oil	Aromatic hydrocarbons groups content Range: -mono-aromatic hydrocarbons (MAH) (6-30)% (m/m) -di-aromatic hydrocarbons (DAH) (1-10)% (m/m) -tri+-aromatic hydrocarbons (T+AH) (0-2)% (m/m) -polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (POLY-AH) (1-12)% (m/m)	PN-EN 12916+A1:2023-01 except method B
	High performance liquid chromatography method with refractometric detection (HPLC- RID) Total content of aromatic hydrocarbons (calculated)	
Petroleum	Density at temperature 15 °C i 20 °C Range: (0,7500 – 0,9000) g/cm <sup>3</sup> (750,0 – 900,0) kg/m <sup>3</sup> Oscillating method Sulphur content Range: (0,100– 2,50) % (m/m)	ASTM D 5002-22 ASTM D 4294-21
	Energy-dispersive X ray fluorescence spectrometry method Sediments content Range: (0,01– 0,05) % (m/m) Gravimetric method	ASTM D 473-22
	Water content Range: (0,025 – 1,000) % (v/v) Distillation method	ASTM D 4006-22

Fuel Laboratory Małaszewicze Kolejarzy 6, 21-540 Małaszewicze		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Liquid fuels: diesel oil	Sulphur content Range: (3,0 – 50,0) mg/kg Ultraviolet fluorescence method	PN-EN ISO 20846:2020-03
Liquid fuels: diesel oil	Density Range: (820,0 – 840,0) kg/m <sup>3</sup> Areometric method	PN-EN ISO 3675:2004
Other petroleum products: petroleum paraffins, petroleum waxes, petrolatum	Kinematic viscosity at 100 <sup>o</sup> C Range: (3,000 – 15,00) mm <sup>2</sup> /s Capillary method	PN-EN ISO 3104:2021-03, Procedure A
	Oil content Range: (0,4 – 30) % (m/m) Gravimetric method	ASTM D 721-17
	Oil content Range: (0,4 – 15) % (m/m) Gravimetric method	ISO 2908:1974
	Colour Range: 0,5 – 5 Visual method	ASTM D 1500-12 (2017)
	Congealing point Range: (30 – 70) <sup>e</sup> C Visual method	ASTM D 938-12 (2017)
Liquid fuels: diesel oil	Distillation characteristics at atmospheric pressure Range: (150 – 400) °C Distillation method	PN-EN ISO 3405:2019-05
Gaseous fuels: Liquefied hydrocarbon gases,	Detection of hydrogen sulphide Visual method	PN-EN ISO 8819:2000
LPG	Sulphur content Range: (1,0 – 100) mg/kg Ultraviolet fluorescence method	ASTM D 6667-21
	Copper strip test Range: class (1 – 4) Visual method	PN-EN ISO 6251:2001
	Detection of water Visual method	PN-EN 15469:2009
	Dissolved residue Range: (30 – 100) mg/kg Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15471:2017-08
	Hydrocarbons composition Range: (0,1 – 100,0) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	PN-ISO 7941:1993+Ap1:2002 PN-EN 27941:2015-12
	Total dienes content (as 1,3-butadiene) Range: $(0,1 - 1,0) % (mol/mol)$ (0,1 - 1,0) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	PN-ISO 7941:1993+Ap1:2002 PN-EN 27941:2015-12
	Hydrocarbons composition Range: (0,1 – 100,0) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	DIN 51619:2004-02
	1,3 butadiene content Range: (0,01 – 1,00) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	DIN 51619:2004-02

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Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Gaseous fuels: Liquefied hydrocarbon gases, LPG	Total dienes content Range: (0,10 – 1,00) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	DIN 51619:2004-02
	Motor octane number MON (calculated)	PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07 app. B
	Density at temperature 15 °C (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 8973:2000+A1:2020-10
	Density at temperature 15,6 °C (calculated)	PN-C-96008:1998
	Vapor pressure at temperature -15 °C (calculated)	PN-C-96008:1998
	Temperature, at which the relative vapour pressure is not less than 150 kPa (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 8973:2000+ <i>A1:2020-10</i> PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07
	Vapor pressure at temperatures: -10 °C, -5 °C, 0 °C, 10 °C, 37,8 °C, 40 °C, 50 °C, 70 °C (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 8973:2000+A1:2020-10 PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07 app. C
	Net calorific value (calculated)	PN-C-96008:1998
	Odour Organoleptic method	PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07 app. A
	Mineral oil residue Range: (0,0002 – 0,0100) % (m/m) Gravimetric method	PN-C-96008:1998
Liquid fuels: diesel oil	Fatty acid methyl esters content (FAME) Range: (0,05 – 10,0) % (v/v) IR spectrometry method	PN-EN 14078:2014-06
	Flash point Range: (40,0 – 80,0) °C Pensky-Martens closed cup method	PN-EN ISO 2719:2016-08 +A1:2021-06
	Cold filter plugging point (CFPP) Range: (-35 – 0) °C Optical method	PN-EN 116:2015-09

Fuel Laboratory Tychy Goździków 1, 43-100 Tychy		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Gaseous fuels:	Detection of hydrogen sulphide	PN-EN ISO 8819:2000
Liquefied hydrocarbon gases,	Visual method	
	Support content Bange: $(1.0 - 200)$ mg/kg	ASTM D 6667-21
	Ultraviolet fluorescence method	
	Copper strip test	PN-EN ISO 6251:2001
	Range: class $(1 - 4)$	
	Visual method	
	Detection of water	PN-EN 15469:2009
	Visual method	DN 100 7044-4000 Ard-0000
	Hydrocarbons composition Bange: $(0.1 - 100) \% (m/m)$	PN-ISO 7941:1993+Ap1:2002 PN-EN 27941:2015-12
	Gas chromatography method with	1 IN-LIN 27 341.2013-12
	flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	
	Total dienes content (as	PN-ISO 7941:1993+Ap1:2002
	1,3-butadiene)	PN-EN 27941:2015-12
	Range: (0,1-1,0) % (mol/mol)	
	(0,1-1,0) % (m/m)	
	flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	
	Hydrocarbons composition	DIN 51619:2004-02
	Range: (0,1 – 100) % (m/m)	
	Gas chromatography method with	
	flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	
	1,3- butadiene content	DIN 51619:2004-02
	Range: (0,01 – 1,00) % (m/m)	
	flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	
	Total dienes content	DIN 51619:2004-02
	Range: (0,10 – 1,00) % (m/m)	
	Gas chromatography method with	
	flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	
	Motor octane number MON (calculated)	PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07 app. B
	Density at temperature 15 °C (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 8973:2000+A1:2020-10
	Density at temperature 15,6 °C	PN-C-96008:1998
	Vanor pressure at temperatures:	PNI-C-96008-1998
	$-15^{\circ}$ C 40 °C and 70 °C	FIN-C-30000.1330
	(calculated)	
	Vapor pressure at temperatures:	PN-EN ISO 8973:2000+A1:2020-10
	-10 °C, -5 °C, 0 °C, 10 °C, 37,8 °C,	PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07 app. C
	40 0,50 0,70 0 (calculated)	
	Temperature, at which the relative	PN-FN ISO 8973:2000+A1:2020-10
	vapour pressure is not less than150	PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07
	(calculated)	
	Net calorific value	PN-C-96008:1998
	Odour	PN-EN 589+A1:2022-07 app. A
	Organoleptic method	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Gaseous fuels:	Dissolved residues	PN-EN 15471:2017-08
Liquefied hydrocarbon gases,	Range: (30 – 100) mg/kg	
LPG	Gravimetric method	
Solid fuels:	Volatile matters content	PN-G-04516:1998
coal	Range: (18,00 – 38,00) %	
	Gravimetric method	
	Total moisture content	PN-ISO 589:2006 method B1
	Range: (1,0–25,0) %	
	Gravimetric method	
	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor	PB-258 ed. I of. 15.01.2014
	(calculated)	
	Oxidation factor	PB-259 ed. I of. 15.01.2014
	(calculated - on basis of total carbon	
	content in fuel and solid products of	
	Compustion)	DN 01/0 04510
	Sintering ability	PN-81/G-04518
	Gravimetric method	
	Fixed carbon factor (calculated)	PN-G-04516:1998
Solid fueler		PN ISO 570:2002
coke derived from coal	Bange: $(1.0 - 60.0)$ %	FIN-130 579.2002
	Gravimetric method	
	Moisture content in test sample	PN-ISO 687:2005
	Bange: $(0.1 - 6.0) \%$ (m/m)	111100 001.2000
	Gravimetric method	
Solid fuels:	Total moisture content	PN-80/G-04511 p. 2.3.2, p. 2.3.4
coal and	Range:	
coke	Hard coal (1,0 – 25,0) %	
	Coke (0,1 – 10,0) %	
	Gravimetric method	
	Moisture content in test sample	PN-G-04560:1998
	Range: $(0,10 - 10,00)$ %	
	Meieture content in test comple	DN ISO 11700:0000
	Papao: (0.1 10.0) %	PIN-ISO 11722.2009
	Gravimetric method	
	Ash content	PN-G-04560.1998
	Bange: $(0.10 - 55.00)$ %	111-0-04300.1330
	Thermogravimetric method	
	Ash content	PN-ISO 1171:2002
	Range: (1,0 – 55,0) %	
	Gravimetric method	
	Gross calorific value	PN-81/G-04513
	Range: (14000 – 35000) kJ/kg	PN-ISO 1928:2020-05
	Calorimetric method	
	Net calorific value	
		100 500-0010
	Volatile matters content	ISO 562:2010
	Coke $(1.0 - 20.0)$ %	
	Gravimetric method	
	Total sulphur content	PN-G-04584:2001
	Bange: $(0.10 - 2.50) \% (m/m)$	ASTM D 4239-18 <sup><math>\varepsilon</math>1</sup> (method $\Delta$ )
	High-temperature combustion	
	method with IR detection	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested gualities/method	Reference document
Solid fuels:	Total sulphur content	ISO 19579:2006
coal and coke	Range: (0,20 – 2,50) % (m/m) High-temperature combustion method with IB detection	
	Total carbon content Range: (40,0 – 100,0) % High-temperature combustion method	PN-G-04571:1998 PKN-ISO/TS 12902:2007
	With IR detection Hydrogen content Range: (0,10 – 5,60) % High-temperature combustion method	PN-G-04571:1998 PKN-ISO/TS 12902:2007
	With IR detection Chlorine content Range:(0,03 – 0,50) % Titrimetric method	PN-ISO 587:2000 p. 7.2.1
Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 10 01 01, 10 01 02, 10 01 03, 10 01 15, 10 01 17, 10 01 80	Moisture content in test sample Range: (0,10 – 10,00) % Thermogravimetric method	PB-72 ed. I of 26.09.2008
	Ash content Range:(40,00 – 99,90) % (m/m) Thermogravimetric method	PB-347 ed. I of 29.11.2016
	Total carbon content Range: (0,1 – 40,0) % High-temperature combustion method with IR detection	PB-73 ed. I of 26.09.2008
	Total moisture content Range: (0,1 – 40,0) % Gravimetric method	PB-90 ed. I of. 16.05.2009
Solid fuels: solid biomass - solid biofuels	Moisture content in test sample Range: (1,00 – 20,00) % Thermogravimetric method	PB-98 ed. III of 21.05.2013
Solid fuels: solid biomass - solid biofuels	Total moisture content Range: (3,0 – 85,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 18134-2:2017-03
	Hydrogen content Range: (3,0 – 8,0) % High-temperature combustion method with IR detection	PN-EN ISO 16948:2015-07
	Ash content Range: (0,1 – 45,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 18122:2016-01
	Sulphur content Range: (0,02 – 0,20) % High-temperature combustion method with IR detection	PN-EN ISO 16994:2016-10 p. 4.4
	Carbon content Range: (30,0 – 50,0) % High-temperature combustion method with IR detection	PN-EN ISO 16948:2015-07
	Gross calorific value Range: (5000 – 22000) kJ/kg Calorimetric method Net calorific value (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 18125:2017-07

<sup>O)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

Microbiology Laboratory Gdynia Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Meat Fish Eggs	Detection of antibiotics residues Diffusion method	PB-216 ed. II of 23.10.2015 based on the manufacturer's instructions Premi Test
Milk Milk powder Cream	Detection of antibiotics and other inhibitors Diffusion method	PN-91/A-86033 Delvotest SP NT, Delvotest T
Fruit, vegetable and vegetable with meat products	Shelf life of canned food Thermostatic test	PN-90/A-75052/03
Meat and meat products	Shelf life of canned food Thermostatic test	PN-A-82055-5:1994
Fish and fishery products	Shelf life of canned food Thermostatic test	PN-A-86732:1992
Drinking water, raw water, spring water, mineral water, table water, ice	Flavour Qualitative method	PB-201 ed. I of 01.02.2013
Drinking water, raw water, spring water, mineral water, table water, industrial water, technological water	Odour Qualitative method	
Environmental samples from food and cosmetics production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - swabs from the surface limited with template - swabs from surface unlimited with template	Enumeration of Legionella Membrane filtration method	PB-404 ed. I of 30.10.2019

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (spread plate method)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
and cosmetics production areas as well as food trade		
with template - swabs from surface unlimited with		
		<b>5</b> )
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Environmental samples from areas of cosmetics production:	method)	
<ul> <li>swabs from the surface limited</li> <li>with template</li> <li>swabs from surface unlimited with</li> </ul>		
template		
Drinking water, surface water, water, pool water		
Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade <sup>1)</sup>	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>
Paper, cardboard, paper and cardboard products Plastic products and rubber products	method)	
Metal, glass and ceramics products Wood and wood products		
Environmental samples from food and cosmetics production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - contact plates (surfaces) - agar plates (air)	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed Environmental samples from food and cosmetics production areas	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> The tube culturing method	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
<ul> <li>swabs from the surface limited with template</li> <li>swabs from surface unlimited with template</li> </ul>	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> The tube culturing method with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>

Subject of testing/product Type of activity/tested qualities/method Reference document	
Food <sup>1</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )         Standardized methods <sup>5</sup> )	
Feed         Culturing method with biochemical         In-house test procedures <sup>4</sup> )	
confirmation	
Environmental samples from	
food and cosmetics production	
areas as well as food trade	
- SWADS from the surface limited	
- swahs from surface unlimited	
with template	
<b>Food</b> <sup>1)</sup> Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>	
<b>Feed</b> Culturing method with biochemical In-house test procedures <sup>4</sup>	
Drinking water surface water and serological confirmation	
pool water	
<b>Environmental samples from</b> Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> Standardized methods <sup>5</sup>	
areas of food production and Culturing method with biochemical	
food trade 1) and serological confirmation	
Food <sup>1</sup> )     Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )     Standardized methods <sup>5</sup> )	
Feed         Culturing method with biochemical	
Environmental samples from and microscopic confirmation	
areas of food production and	
- swabs from the surface limited	
with template	
- swabs from surface unlimited	
with template	
Food 1)         Most probable number of         Standardized methods 5)	
Feed         microorganisms <sup>2</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4</sup>	
Environmental samples from Tube fermentation technique MPN	
food and cosmetics production	
areas as well as 1000 trade	
with template	
- swabs from surface unlimited	
With template	
Detection and enumeration of Standardized methods of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup>	
Diesel Membrane filtration method	

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2</sup>	2), 3), 4), 5), 6)	
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Paper, cardboard, paper and cardboard products Plastic products and rubber	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> The tube culturing method with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>
Metal, glass and ceramics products Wood and wood products	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>
	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and serological confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>
Microorganisms strains	Taxonomic identification of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup>	PB-251 <sup>3)</sup>
	Biochemical, immunochemical, PCR, microscopic method	
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of specific DNA of Escherichia coli and detection of Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli (STEC) <sup>2)</sup> PCR method, Bax System	ISO/TS 13136 <sup>6)</sup> PB-402 <sup>3)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Detection of specific DNA of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup>	In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Environmental samples from food and cosmetics production areas as well as food trade - swabs from the surface limited with template - swabs from surface unlimited with template	PCR method, Bax System	

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

1) Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects

2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / group of subjects and methods (research technique)

3) Applying updated methods described in-house test procedures

4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures

5) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods.

6) Applying updated methods described in the standardized methods.

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

	Molecular Biology Laboratory Tychy Goździków 1, 43-100 Tychy	
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1)</sup>	, 2), 3), 4)	
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Detection of a specific GMO sequence (screening) <sup>2)</sup> Real-time PCR method	PB-397 <sup>4)</sup>
Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade	Detection of a specific genetic modification DNA <sup>2)</sup> Real-time PCR method	PB-391 <sup>4)</sup>
	Detection of a specific allergen DNA <sup>2)</sup> Real-time PCR method	PB-393 <sup>4)</sup> PB-399 <sup>4)</sup>
	Detection of a specific animal species DNA <sup>2)</sup>	PB-399 <sup>4)</sup>
	Real-time PCR method	
	Quantitative determination of allergen <sup>2),3)</sup>	PB-394 <sup>4)</sup>
	Immunoenzymatic method - ELISA	
Fruits, vegetables and fruit and vegetable preserves Environmental samples from areas	Detection of viral genetic material <sup>2)</sup> Real-Time RT-PCR method	PB-202 <sup>4)</sup>
of food production and food trade		
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Quantification of a specific genetic modification DNA <sup>2), 3)</sup> Real-time PCR method	PB-392 <sup>4)</sup>
	Quantification of a specific animal species DNA <sup>2), 3)</sup> Real-time PCR method	PB-399 <sup>4)</sup>
	Quantification of a specific allergen DNA <sup>2), 3)</sup> Real-time PCR method	

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

1) Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects

2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / group of subjects and methods (research technique)

3) Change in the measuring range of the test method

4) Applying updated methods described in-house test procedures

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Subject of testing/product         Type of activity/tested qualities/method         Reference document           Environmental samples from areas of cosmetics production and cosmetics trade: - swab from the surface limited with template         Enumeration of microorganisms Colony count technique (pour plate method)         PN-EN ISO 4833-1:2013-12           Environmental samples from areas of cosmetic production and cosmetic rade - contact plates (surfaces)         Enumeration of microorganisms Colony count technique         PN-EN ISO 4833-2:2013-12           Flexible scope of accreditation Feed subject of testing/product         Type of activity/tested qualities/method         PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08           Colony count technique         Enumeration of Enterobacteriaceae Colony count technique         PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08           Flexible scope of accreditation of food production and food trade- - swab from surface limited with template         Detection of DNA specific for tested microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (spread plate method)         In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )           Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> / Culturing method test-tube         Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )           Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> / Culturing method with biochemical confirmation         Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )	Microbiology Laboratory Przeźmierowo Rzemieślnicza 9, 62-081 Przeźmierowo		
Environmental samples from areas of cosmetics production and cosmetics trade: - swab from the surface limited with template         Enumeration of microorganisms Colony count technique (pour plate method)         PN-EN ISO 4833-1:2013-12           - swab from surface unlimited with template         Enumeration of Enterobacteriaceae Colony count technique (pour plate method)         PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08           Environmental samples from areas of cosmetic production and cosmetic trade - contact plates (surfaces)         Enumeration of microorganisms Colony count technique         PN-EN ISO 4833-2:2013-12           Subject of testing/product         Enumeration of Enterobacteriaceae Colony count technique         PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08           Flexible scope of accreditation * Subject of testing/product         Type of activity/tested qualities/method         PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08           Feed environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade: - swab from the surface limited with template         Detection of DNA specific for tested microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) CO cony count technique (spread plate method)         In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )           - swab from surface unlimited with template         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method test-tube         Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )           - betection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> / Culturing method test-tube         Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )           - Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> / Culturing method with biochemical confirmation         Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )     <	Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
- swab from the surface limited with template       Enumeration of Enterobacteriaceae Colony count technique (pour plate method)       PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08         - swab from surface unlimited with template       Enumeration of microorganisms Colony count technique       PN-EN ISO 4833-2:2013-12         Environmental samples from areas of cosmetic production and cosmetic trade - contact plates (surfaces)       Enumeration of microorganisms Colony count technique       PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08         Flexible scope of accreditation 1 <sup>1</sup> , 2 <sup>1</sup> , 3 <sup>1</sup> , 4 <sup>1</sup> Enumeration of microorganisms 2 <sup>1</sup> PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08         Subject of testing/product       Type of activity/tested qualities/method       PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08         Food <sup>1</sup> Type of activity/tested qualities/method       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> Feed       Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade: - swab from the surface limited with template       Enumeration of microorganisms 2 <sup>1</sup> Standardized methods 4 <sup>1</sup> - swab from surface unlimited with template       Enumeration of microorganisms 2 <sup>2</sup> Standardized methods 4 <sup>1</sup> In-house test procedures 3 <sup>1</sup> - swab from surface unlimited with biochemical confirmation       Detection of microorganisms 2 <sup>1</sup> Standardized methods 4 <sup>1</sup> - swab from surface unlimited with biochemical and microscopic confirmation       Detection of microorganisms 2 <sup>1</sup> Standardized methods 4 <sup>1</sup> - swab from surface unlimited with	Environmental samples from areas of cosmetics production and cosmetics trade:	Enumeration of microorganisms Colony count technique (pour plate method)	PN-EN ISO 4833-1:2013-12
Environmental samples from areas of cosmetic production and cosmetic prade - contact plates (surfaces)Enumeration of microorganisms Colony count techniquePN-EN ISO 4833-2:2013-12Flexible scope of accreditation * Data to the surface scope of accreditation of DNA specific for tested microorganism 2) PCR method, Bax SystemPN-EN ISO 4833-2:2013-12Food 1) Feed * swab from the surface scope of accreditation * swab from surface unlimited with template * swab from surface unlimited with templateDetection of microorganisms 2) Culturing method test-tubeIn-house test procedures 3) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms 2) Culturing method test-tube Culturing method with biochemical confirmationStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms 2) Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmationStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Food 1)Detection of microorganisms 2) Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmationStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Food 1)Detection of microorganisms 2) Culturing method with biochemical and micros	<ul> <li>swab from the surface limited with template</li> <li>swab from surface unlimited with template</li> </ul>	Enumeration of Enterobacteriaceae Colony count technique (pour plate method)	PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08
cosmetic trade - contact plates (surfaces)Enumeration of Enterobacteriaceae Colony count techniquePN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08Flexible scope of accreditation1, 2), 3), 4)Subject of testing/productType of activity/tested qualities/methodReference documentFood 1) FeedDetection of DNA specific for tested microorganism 2) PCR method, Bax SystemIn-house test procedures 3)of dod production and food tradet - swab from the surface limited with template - swab from surface unlimited with templateDetection of microorganisms 2) Culturing method test-tubeStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms2 Culturing method test-tubeStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms2 Culturing method test-tubeStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms2 Culturing method test-tubeStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms2 Culturing method test-tubeStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms2 Culturing method with biochemical confirmationStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganism3 Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmationStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Food 1)Detection of microorganisms2 Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmationStandardized methods 4)Detection of microorganism3 Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmationStandardized methods 4)	Environmental samples from areas of cosmetic production and	Enumeration of microorganisms Colony count technique	PN-EN ISO 4833-2:2013-12
Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4)</sup> Type of activity/tested qualities/method         Reference document           Subject of testing/product         Detection of DNA specific for tested microorganism <sup>2)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )           Feed         Detection of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> PCR method, Bax System         In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )           - swab from the surface limited with template         Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> Oclony count technique (spread plate method)         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> Culturing method test-tube         In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube         In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )           Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )           Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation         Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical confirmation         Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation         Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> Detection of mic	cosmetic trade - contact plates (surfaces)	Enumeration of Enterobacteriaceae Colony count technique	PN-EN ISO 21528-2:2017-08
Subject of testing/productType of activity/tested qualities/methodReference documentFood 1) FeedDetection of DNA specific for tested microorganism 2)In-house test procedures 3)Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade: - swab from the surface limited with templateDetection of microorganisms 2) Colony count technique (spread plate method)Standardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)- swab from surface unlimited with templateDetection of microorganisms 2) Culturing method test-tubeStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms2) Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmationStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms2) Culturing method with biochemical confirmationStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Detection of microorganisms2) Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmationStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)Food 1)Detection of microorganisms2) Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmationStandardized methods 4) In-house test procedures 3)	Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1)</sup>	), 2), 3), 4)	
Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of DNA specific for tested microorganism <sup>2</sup> )       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Feed       PCR method, Bax System       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade:       Form the surface limited with template       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         - swab from surface unlimited with template       Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         - swab from surface unlimited with template       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         - Sub from surface unlimited with template       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         - Sub from surface unlimited with template       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         - Sub from surface unlimited with template       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         - Sub from surface unlimited with template       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         - Sub from surface unlimited with template       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         - Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         - Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) <t< th=""><th>Subject of testing/product</th><th>Type of activity/tested qualities/method</th><th>Reference document</th></t<>	Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade: - swab from the surface limited with template - swab from surface unlimited with template       Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (spread plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method test-tube       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> ) In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )	Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed Fraincemental complex from our of	Detection of DNA specific for tested microorganism <sup>2)</sup> PCB method, Bax System	In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
- swab from surface unlimited with template       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method test-tube       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method test-tube with       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method test-tube with       biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Culturing method with biochemical       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Culturing method with biochemical       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )       In-house test procedures <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method with biochemical       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )       In-house test procedures <sup>4</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )       In-house test procedures <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method with biochemical       and microscopic confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )	of food production and food trade: - swab from the surface limited with template	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (spread plate method)	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )	<ul> <li>swab from surface unlimited with template</li> </ul>	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       In-house test procedures <sup>3</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )		Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )		Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
Food <sup>1</sup> )         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )         Standardized methods <sup>4</sup> )		Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
Feed       Culturing method with biochemical         Environmental samples from areas       and serological confirmation         of food production and food trade       serological confirmation	Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and serological confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
Food 1)Enumeration of microorganisms2)Standardized methods 4)FeedColony count technique (pour plateIn-house test procedures 3)	Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade	Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade	method)	·
Drinking water, surface water, pool water, water	Drinking water, surface water, pool water, water		
<b>Food</b> <sup>1)</sup> Most probable number of Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>	Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Most probable number of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup>	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
	Feed	microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Tube fermentation technique MPN	

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Drinking water, surface water, pool water, water	Detection and enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup>	Standardized methods 4)
	Membrane filtration method	
Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade: - contact plates (surfaces) - agar plates (air)	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Plate method	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>

Within the scope of the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

- 1) Adding the subject of research within a group of subjects
- 2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and methods (research technique)
- 3) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures
- 4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Microbiology Laboratory Tychy Goździków 1, 43-100 Tychy		
Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1),</sup>	2), 3), 4)	
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of DNA specific for tested microorganism <sup>2)</sup> PCR method, Bax System	In-house test procedures 3)
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade <sup>1)</sup>	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (spread plate method)	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade <sup>1)</sup> Drinking water, surface water, pool	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup>	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
Feed Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade <sup>1)</sup>	Culturing method test-tube Detection of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation	In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and serological confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
Food 1) Feed Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Most probable number of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Tube fermentation technique MPN	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
Drinking water, surface water, pool water, water	Detection and enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Membrane filtration method	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade: - contact plates (surfaces) - agar plates (air)	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
Paper, cardboard, paper and cardboard products Plastic and rubber products	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
Metal, glass and ceramics products Wood and wood products,	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (spread plate method)	PN-EN ISO 6888-1 5)
- swab from the surface limited with template - swab from surface unlimited with	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube	PN-ISO 4831 <sup>5)</sup>
template	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation	PN-ISO 7251 <sup>5)</sup>
	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical confirmation	PN-EN ISO 11290-1 5)
	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and serological confirmation	PN-EN ISO 6579-1 5)
Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade <sup>1)</sup>	Most probable number of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Tube fermentation technique MPN	Standardized methods 4)

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

1) Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects.

2) Adding the examined feature within the subject/ groups of subjects and methods (research technique).

3) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures.

4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods.

5) Applying updated methods described in the standardized methods

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Cosmetics Microbiology Laboratory Tychy Goździków 1, 43-100 Tychy		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Paper, cardboard, paper and cardboard products	Permeability of the antimicrobial components Culturing, diffusion method	PN-EN 1104:2019-02
Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics	Effectiveness of disinfectants and antiseptics Hygienic hand washing method	PN-EN 1499:2013-07
	Effectiveness of disinfectants and antiseptics Rub method	PN-EN 1500:2013-07
	Effectiveness of disinfectants and antiseptics Test method on non-porous surfaces	PN-EN 13697:2015-06; PN-EN 13697:2015-06/ A1:2019-08

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Environmental samples from areas of cosmetics production and cosmetics trade <sup>1)</sup> Cosmetics	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Cosmetics	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods 5)In-house test procedures 4)Standardized methods 5)In-house test procedures 4)
Cosmetics	Effectiveness of antimicrobial protection of a cosmetic product Colony count technique (pour plate method)	PN-EN ISO 11930 <sup>6)</sup>
Chemical products <sup>1)</sup>	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2), 3)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>
Chemical products <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>
Environmental samples from areas of cosmetics production and cosmetics trade: - contact plates (surfaces) - agar plates (air)	Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics	Effectiveness of disinfectants and antiseptics <sup>2)</sup> Quantitative suspension method	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

1) Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects.

2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and methods (research technique).

3) Change in the measuring range of the test method.

4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures.

5) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods.

6) Applying updated methods described in the standardized methods

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Micı ul. F	robiology Laboratory Maków Mazowie Przemysłowa 5, 06-200 Maków Mazowie	ecki ecki
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products	Cans durability Thermostat test method	PN-90/A-75052/03
Meat and meat products	Cans durability Thermostat test method	PN-A-82055-5:1994
Raw milk and non-cooked dairy products Heat-processed milk and dairy products	Number of aerobic mesophilic at 30°C for 72h Petrifilm method Number of Enterobacteriaceae at 37°C for 24h Petrifilm method	PB-421 ed. 1 of 07.02.2023 Based on the manufacturer's instruction for 3M Petrifilm plates PB-422 ed. 1 of 07.02.2023 Based on the manufacturer's instruction for 3M Petrifilm plates
Easd	Number of acrobic measurability at	PR 421 ad 1 of 07 02 2022
<ul> <li>Food:</li> <li>Raw meat and raw meat products ready to be prepared (except poultry)</li> <li>Ready-to-eat or ready-to-reheat meat products</li> <li>Raw poultry and raw poultry products ready to be prepared</li> <li>Ready-to-eat or ready-to-heat poultry products</li> <li>Eggs and egg products (derivates)</li> <li>Ready-to-eat or ready-to-reheat fish products</li> <li>Fresh vegetables and fruits</li> <li>Processed fruits and vegetables</li> <li>Dried cereals, fruits, nuts, seeds and vegetables</li> </ul>	Number of aerobic mesophilic at 30°C for 48h Petrifilm method	PB-421 ed. 1 of 07.02.2023 Based on the manufacturer's instruction for 3M Petrifilm plates
<ul> <li>Infant formula and infant cereals</li> <li>Chocolate, confectionery and bread</li> <li>Multi-component foods or meal components</li> </ul>	Number of Enterobacteriaceae at 37°C for 24h Petrifilm method	PB-422 ed. 1 of 07.02.2023 Based on the manufacturer's instruction for 3M Petrifilm plates
Feed and pet food		
Environmental samples (food and feed production): - environmental samples of defined surfaces - environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands - washings		

Subject of testing/product         Type of activity/tested qualities/method         Reference document           Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food itrade: - contact plates (surfaces) - agar plates (air)         Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (spread plate method)         Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )           Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed         Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (spread plate method)         Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )           Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands         Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (pour plate method)         Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )           Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed         Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (pour plate method)         Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )           Environmental samples from cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands         Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (pour plate method)         Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )           Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation         Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )           Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed         Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation         Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )           Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed	Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6)</sup>		
Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food trade:       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>(2)</sup> Colony count technique       Standardized methods <sup>(3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>(4)</sup> Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>(2)</sup> Colony count technique (spread plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>(3)</sup> Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>(2)</sup> Colony count technique (spread plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>(3)</sup> Food <sup>1</sup> ) Food <sup>1</sup> Enumeration of microorganism <sup>(2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>(3)</sup> Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>(2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>(3)</sup> Feed       Environmental samples from cosmetics trade:       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>(2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)       In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Water <sup>1</sup> Environmental samples from food trade <sup>1</sup> Enumeration of microorganism <sup>(2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>(3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed       Detection of microorganism <sup>(2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>(3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed       Detection of microorganisms <sup>(2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Environmental samples from food and	Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Food <sup>1)</sup> Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Environmental samples of undefined surfaces       Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> Feed       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)       In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup> Environmental samples of defined surfaces       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> - Environmental samples from food trade <sup>1)</sup> Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> Revitoring method with biochemical confirmation       Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> Food <sup>1)</sup> Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup> Food <sup>1)</sup> Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup> Food <sup>1)</sup> Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Stand	Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food trade: - contact plates (surfaces) - agar plates (air)	Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       - Environmental samples of defined surfaces       - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )         Feed       Colony count technique (pour plate method)       In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )         Feed       Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )         Water <sup>1</sup> )       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> )       Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )       In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )         In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )       Culturing method with biochemical confirmation	Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (spread plate method)	Standardized methods 3)
- Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Foed       Environmental samples from cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of defined surfaces       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Water <sup>1</sup> )       Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food trade <sup>1</sup> )       Enumeration of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of defined surfaces - Environmental samples of defined surfaces - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces - Environmental samples of       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )	Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of defined surfaces		
Food 1)       Enumeration of microorganism 2)       Standardized methods 3)         Feed       Colony count technique (pour plate method)       In-house test procedure 4)         Environmental samples of defined surfaces       Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands       In-house test procedure 4)         Water 1)       Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food trade 1)       Enumeration of microorganisms 2)       Standardized methods 3)         Food 1)       Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Environorganisms 2)       Standardized methods 3)         Food 1)       Detection of microorganisms 2)       Standardized methods 3)       In-house test procedure 4)         Food 1)       Detection of microorganisms 2)       Standardized methods 3)       In-house test procedure 4)         Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Detection of microorganisms 2)       Standardized methods 3)         Environmental samples for food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Detection of microorganisms2)       Standardized methods 3)         Environmental samples of undefined surfaces       Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the       Detection of microorganisms2)       Standardized methods 3)         In-house test procedure 4)       Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       In-house test procedure 4) </th <th>- Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands</th> <th></th> <th></th>	- Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands		
Environmental samples from cosmetics trade:       - Environmental samples of defined surfaces       -         - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands       -       -         Water <sup>1</sup> )       Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food trade <sup>1</sup> )       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> ) Feed       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of defined surfaces       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )	Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
Water <sup>1</sup> )       Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food trade <sup>1</sup> )       Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2</sup> ) Colony count technique (pour plate method)       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Food <sup>1</sup> )       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> ) Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )         Fervironmental samples of defined surfaces       Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> ) In-house test procedure <sup>4</sup> )	<ul> <li>Environmental samples from cosmetics trade:</li> <li>Environmental samples of defined surfaces</li> <li>Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands</li> </ul>		
Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food trade 1)Enumeration of microorganism 2) Colony count technique (pour plate method)Standardized methods 3) In-house test procedure 4)Food 1) FeedDetection of microorganisms 2) Culturing method with biochemical confirmationStandardized methods 3) In-house test procedure 4)Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of defined surfaces - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including theDetection of microorganisms2) Culturing method with biochemical confirmationStandardized methods 3) In-house test procedure 4)	Water <sup>1)</sup>		
Food 1)       Detection of microorganisms 2)       Standardized methods 3)         Feed       Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       In-house test procedure 4)         Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )         Environmental samples of defined surfaces       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2</sup> )       Standardized methods <sup>3</sup> )         In-house test procedure 4)       Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       In-house test procedure 4)	Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food trade <sup>1)</sup>	Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Colony count technique (pour plate method)	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade:       Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> - Environmental samples of defined surfaces       Culturing method with biochemical confirmation       In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup> - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the       In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>	Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
handa	Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of defined surfaces - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the	Detection of microorganisms <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed Environmental samples from cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of defined surfaces - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands Samples taken at the primary production stage: - animal stool samples	Detection of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and serological confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
- plantar swabs Environmental samples from areas of food production and food trade <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and serological confirmation	
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of defined surfaces - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands	Detection of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method with biochemical and microscopic confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Detection of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
Environmental samples from food production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade: - Environmental samples of defined surfaces - Environmental samples of undefined surfaces, including the hands	Detection of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method test-tube with biochemical confirmation	Standardized methods <sup>3)</sup> In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Culturing method	In-house test procedure <sup>4)</sup>
	Most probable number of pathogenic staphylococci (coagulase positive) Tube fermentation technique MPN	PN-EN ISO 6888-3 6)
	Most probable number Escherichia coli Tube fermentation technique MPN	PN-ISO 7251 <sup>6)</sup>
	Most probable number of coliforms Tube fermentation technique MPN	PN-ISO 4831 <sup>6)</sup>

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Flexible scope of accreditation	1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6)	
Fruit and vegetable juices and concentrates	Enumeration of Alicyclobacillus spp probably spoilage Membrane filtration method with biochemical confirmation	IFU Method No. 12 <sup>6)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of pathogenic bacteria <sup>2)</sup> Fluorescence immunoenzymatic method (ELFA)	PB-420 <sup>5)</sup>
Environmental samples <sup>1)</sup>	Detection of pathogenic bacteria <sup>2)</sup> Fluorescence immunoenzymatic method (ELFA)	PB-420 <sup>5)</sup>
Water <sup>1)</sup>	Enumeration of microorganism <sup>2)</sup> Membrane filtration method	Standardized methods 3)

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed to:

1) Adding the subject of research within a group of subjects

- 2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and methods (research techniques)
- 3) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods
- 4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures
- 5) Applying updated methods described in-house test procedures
- 6) Applying updated methods described in the standardized methods

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Sensory Analysis Laboratory Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Tea and coffee, Food concentrates, Meat and meat products, Milk and dairy products, Non-alcoholic beverages (carbonated and non-carbonated soft drinks, juices, syrups), Spirits and alcoholic beverages, Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products, Fish and fishery products and seafood, Sweets and sugar confectionery, Herbal raw materials and products, spices, Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses, Animal and vegetable fats and oils, Cereals and cereal products, Frozen products, Ready-made culinary products, Dietary supplements and nutritional foods, Drinking water, Food additives	Determining perceptible sensory difference between samples Organoleptic attributes: appearance, colour, texture, consistency, odour, flavour Triangle test	PN-EN ISO 4120:2021-08
Electrical products intended to come into contact with food, Ceramic materials and products intended to come into contact with food, Glass materials and products, Paper, cardboard, Packaging materials and components intended to come into contact with food, Plastics and rubber products intended to come into contact with food, Materials for the production of packaging, Food storage products, Non-woven fabric, wooden products and components intended to come into contact with food	Odour and taste transferred in direct contact Range: 0 – 4 Multicomparison test	DIN 10955:2023
Paper, cardboard	Odour and taste transferred in direct contact Range: 0 – 4 Multicomparison test	PN-EN 1230-1:2009 PN-EN 1230-2:2009
Reclosable packages designated as resistant to opening by children	Opening easiness Test with participants Full and sequential method	PN-EN ISO 8317:2016-03

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Food and agricultural products <sup>1)</sup> Cosmetics and chemical products <sup>1)</sup>	Sensory attributes <sup>2)</sup> Simple descriptive test	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup> Methods described by a reputable organization <sup>5)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Sensory attributes <sup>2)</sup> Scoring method	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

1) Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects.

2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and methods (research techniques).

3) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the in-house test procedures.

4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods.

5) Applying updated methods described by a reputable organization.

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Vitamin Analysis Laboratory Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/ tested gualities/method	Reference document
Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs, Food concentrates, Non-alcoholic beverages, Milk and dairy products, Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses, Dietary supplements and nutritional foods, Food additives	Taurine content Range: (0,002 – 0,5) % High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	PB-52/HPLC ed. II of 30.12.2008
Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs, Food concentrates, Non-alcoholic beverages, Milk and dairy products, Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products, Fish and fishery products and seafood, Herbal raw materials and products, spices, Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses, Cereals and cereal products, Dietary supplements and nutritional foods, Food additives	Tryptophan content Range: (0,001 – 3,0) % High performance liquid chromatography method with fluorescence detection (HPLC-FLD)	PB-136/HPLC ed. I of 06.02.2012
Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs, Food concentrates, Meat and meat products, Milk and dairy products, Non-alcoholic beverages, Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products, Fish and fishery products and seafood, Sweets and sugar confectionery, Herbal raw materials and products, spices, Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses, Cereals and cereal products, Frozen products, Ready-made culinary products, Eggs and egg products, Dietary supplements and nutritional foods, Food additives	Amino acids profile         Range:         Aspartic acid $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Glutamic acid $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Serine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Glycine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Histidine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Arginine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Arginine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Arginine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Alanine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Proline $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Valine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Valine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Valine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Isoleucine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Leucine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Phenylalanine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         Lysine $(0,005 - 10)$ %         High performance liquid       chromatography method with         spectrophotometric detection       (HPLC-UV/Vis) and diode array         detection       (HPLC-DAD)	PB-53/HPLC ed. II of 30.12.2008

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Agricultural products <sup>1)</sup> Food <sup>1)</sup>	Vitamins content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPI CLIV/Vis) diode array detection	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>5)</sup>
	(HPLC-DAD) and fluorescence detection (HPLC-FLD)	
Food <sup>1)</sup> Feed	Vitamins content <sup>2), 3)</sup> Microbiological method with microorganism as a test organism	In-house test procedures <sup>5)</sup>

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

1) Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects.

2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and methods (research technique).

3) Change in the measuring range of the test method.

4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods

5) Applying updated methods described in-house test procedures.

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Liquid Chromatography Laboratory Chwaszczyńska 180. 81-571 Gdvnia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Coffee	Caffeine content Range: (0,05 – 10) % High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	PN-ISO 10095:1997
Coffee and products containing coffee	Caffeine content Range: (0,05 – 10) % High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	ISO 20481:2008
Oilseeds	Glucosinolates content Range: (2 – 100) µmol/g High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	PN-EN ISO 9167-1/A1:2013-10
Non-alcoholic beverages	Caffeine concentration Range: (1 – 1000) mg/l High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	PB-80/HPLC ed. I of 12.01.2009
Animal feedstuffs Meal	Glucosinolates content Range: (2 – 100) µmol/g High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	PN-ISO 10633-1:2000
Water, drinking water	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) concentration Range: Benzo(b)fluoranthene (0,0020 - 0,020)µg/l Benzo(k)fluoranthene (0,0025 - 0,020)µg/l Benzo(a)pyrene (0,0040 - 0,020)µg/l Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (0,0040 - 0,020)µg/l High performance liquid chromatography method with fluorescence detection (HPLC-FLD)	PN-EN ISO 17993:2005

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested	Reference document
		DD 400 and 1 at 00 05 0000
Herbal raw materials and products	Propane alkaloids content	PB-498 ed. 1 of 23.05.2022
Tea	atropine $(5.0 - 1000) \mu q/kq$	
Dietary supplements	scopolamine $(5,0-1000) \mu g/kg$	
,	High-performance liquid	
	chromatography method coupled with	
	tandem mass spectrometry	
	(LC-MS/MS) Sum (coloulated)	
Honoy	Transpo alkaloide content	PP 408 ad 1 of 22 05 2022
noney	Range:	1 D-490 ed. 101 25.05.2022
	atropine $(0.50 - 100) \mu g/kg$	
	scopolamine $(0,50 - 100) \mu g/kg$	
	High-performance liquid chromatography	
	method coupled with tandem mass	
	spectrometry	
	Sum (calculated)	
Herbal raw materials and products	Pyrrolizidine alkaloids content:	PB-498 ed. I of 23.05.2022
Spices	- echimidine	-
Теа	- echimidine N-oxide	
Dietary supplements	- echinatine N-oxide	
	- erucitoline N-oxide	
	- europine	
	- europine N-oxide	
	- heliosupine	
	- heliosupine N-oxide	
	- heliotrine	
	- intermedine	
	<ul> <li>intermedine</li> <li>intermedine N-oxide (sum of</li> </ul>	
	intermedine N-oxide and indicine	
	N-oxide as intermedine N-oxide)	
	- jacobine	
	- Jacobine N-oxide	
	<ul> <li>Iasiocarpine</li> <li>Iasiocarpine N-oxide</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>lycopsamine (sum of lycopsamine,</li> </ul>	
	indicine and echinatine as	
	lycopsamine)	
	- lycopsamine N-oxide	
	<ul> <li>monocrotaline N-oxide</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>retrorsine (sum of retrorsine and</li> </ul>	
	usaramine as retrorsine)	
	- retrorsine N-oxide	
	- rinderine	
	<ul> <li>senecionine N-oxide (sum of</li> </ul>	
	senecionine N-oxide and integerrimine	
	N-oxide as senecionine N-oxide)	
	- seneciphylline (sum of seneciphylline	
	and spandoume as seneciphylline)	
	seneciphylline N-oxide and spartioidine	
	N-oxide as seneciphylline N-oxide)	
	- senkirkine	
	Range: (5,0 – 1000) μg/kg	
	nign-performance liquid	
	tandem mass spectrometry	
	(LC-MS/MS)	
	Sum (calculated)	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Herbal raw materials and products	Pyrrolizidine alkaloids content:	PB-498 ed. L of 23.05.2022
Spices	<ul> <li>senecivernine (sum of senecivernine</li> </ul>	1 D-430 ed. 101 23.03.2022
Tea	and integerrimine as senecivernine)	
Dietary supplements	- senecivernine N-oxide	
	- trichodesmine	
	- usaramine N-oxide	
	Range (5,0 – 1000) μg/kg High porformanoo liquid	
	chromatography method coupled with	
	tandem mass spectrometry	
	(LC-MS/MS)	
	Sum (calculated)	
Honey	Pyrrolizidine alkaloids content:	PB-498 ed. I of 23.05.2022
	- echimidine	
	<ul> <li>echimatine N-oxide</li> <li>echimatine N-oxide</li> </ul>	
	- erucifoline	
	- erucifoline N-oxide	
	- europine	
	- europine N-oxide	
	- nellosupine - heliosupine N-ovide	
	<ul> <li>heliosupine N-oxide</li> <li>heliotrine</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>heliotrine N-oxide</li> </ul>	
	- intermedine	
	<ul> <li>intermedine N-oxide (sum of</li> </ul>	
	Intermedine N-oxide and Indicine	
	- iacobine	
	<ul> <li>jacobine</li> <li>jacobine N-oxide</li> </ul>	
	- lasiocarpine	
	- lasiocarpine N-oxide	
	- lycopsamine (sum of lycopsamine,	
	Indicine and echinatine as	
	- lycopsamine N-oxide	
	- monocrotaline	
	<ul> <li>monocrotaline N-oxide</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>retrorsine (sum of retrorsine and</li> </ul>	
	usaramine as retrorsine)	
	- retrorsine N-oxide	
	<ul> <li>rinderine N-oxide</li> </ul>	
	- senecionine	
	- senecionine N-oxide (sum of	
	senecionine N-oxide and integerrimine	
	N-OXIDE as senecionine N-OXIDE)	
	and spartioidine as seneciphylline	
	<ul> <li>seneciphylline N-oxide (sum of</li> </ul>	
	seneciphylline N-oxide and spartioidine	
	N-oxide as seneciphylline N-oxide)	
	- senkirkine	
	<ul> <li>senecivernine (sum of senecivernine)</li> </ul>	
	- senecivernine N-oxide	
	- trichodesmine	
	- usaramine N-oxide	
	Range (0,50- 100) μg/kg	
	High-performance liquid	
	chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry	
	(LC-MS/MS)	
	Sum (calculated)	

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 7)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Agricultural products <sup>1)</sup> Food <sup>1)</sup>	Sugars and polyols content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography method with refractometric detection (HPLC-RID) Sugars content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance anion exchange	PB-79/HPLC <sup>5)</sup> PB-429 <sup>5)</sup>
	chromatography method with pulsed amperometry detection (HPIC-PAD)	
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Polyols content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance anion exchange chromatography method with pulsed amperometry detection (HPIC-PAD)	PB-429 <sup>5)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Food additives content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLCUV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	PN-EN 12856 <sup>4)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography method with fluorescence detection (HPLC-FLD)	PB-117/HPLC <sup>5)</sup>
Agricultural products <sup>1)</sup> Food <sup>1)</sup>	Mycotoxins content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography method with fluorescence detection (HPLC-FLD) spectrophotometric detection (HPLCUV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	Standardized methods <sup>6)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>7)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup> Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs	Mycotoxins content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)	In-house test procedures 7)
Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs <sup>1)</sup> Food <sup>1)</sup>	Melamine and its analogues content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)	In-house test procedures 7)
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Nitrates and/or nitrites content <sup>2)3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLCUV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	Standardized methods 6)

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 7)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Feed Food <sup>1)</sup>	Biogenic amins content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis) and diode array	Standardized methods <sup>6)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>7)</sup>

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- 2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and methods (research technique).
- 3) Change in the measuring range of the test method.
- 4) Applying updated methods described in the standardized methods.
- 5) Applying updated methods described in the in-house test procedures.
- 6) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods
- 7) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in in-house test procedures.

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Gas Chromatography Laboratory Chwaszczyńska 180. 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs, Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses, Animal and vegetable fats and oils Cereals and cereal products, Food additives, Products used in animal nutrition	Antioxidants BHA, BHT content Range: (10 – 500) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	ISO 6463:1982 PB-277/GC ed. I of 01.07.2014
Milk fat and dairy products	Foreign fats content Range: (2,0 – 100) % Gas chromatography method with flame	PN-EN ISO 17678:2019-07
Milk and dairy products Meat products Sauces Chocolate goods Pastry goods Food concentrates	Lactose content Range: (0,01 – 1,0) g/100g Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	PB-371 ed. II of 04.03.2019
Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs, Animal and vegetable fats and oils, oilseeds	Residual technical hexane content. Range: (0,5 – 1400) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with headspace analysis and flame ionization detection (HS-GC- FID)	PN-EN ISO 9832:2004 PN-EN ISO 8892:1999
Cocoa butter Chocolate couverture Chocolate	Cocoa butter equivalents (CBE) and milk fat (MF) content based on triacylglycerols composition Range: CBE: $(2 - 100) g/100 g of fat$ MF: $(1 - 100) g/100 g of fat$ Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	PN-EN ISO 23275-1:2009 PN-EN ISO 23275-2:2010 EUR 20831:2003, EUR 22666:2007
Liquid fuels: unleaded petrol Liquid petroleum products	Organic oxygenate compounds and organically bound oxygen concentration Range: oxygenate compounds (0,17-15) % (m/m) organically bound oxygen (0,1-3,7) % (m/m) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	PN-EN 13132:2005
	Benzene concentration Range: $(0,05-6)$ % (v/v) Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	PN-EN 12177:2003
Liquid fuels: fatty acids methyl esters (FAME)	Esters and particular fatty acids methyl esters content including linoleic acid methyl ester Range: Total ester content $(80 - 100)$ %, particular esters $(0,1 - 70)$ % Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	PN-EN 14103:2012
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
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Animal and vegetable fats and oils	Free and bound 2-MCPD, free and bound 3-MCPD and glycidyl esters content Range: 2-monochloropropano-1,3-diol (2-MCPD) (0,15 - 2,5)  mg/kg 3-monochloropropano-1,2-diol (3-MCPD) (0,15 - 2,5)  mg/kg 3-monochloropropano-1,2-diol (3-MCPD) including glycidol (0,15 - 2,5)  mg/kg Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS) Glycidol content (calculated)	DGF C-VI 18 (10) Part A, Part B
Pastry goods and confectionery, Cereal and potato snacks	Free and bound 2-MCPD, free and bound 3-MCPD and glycidyl esters in extracted fat content Range: 2-monochloropropano-1,3-diol (2-MCPD) (0,15 - 2,5) mg/kg fat 3-monochloropropano-1,2-diol (3-MCPD) (0,15 - 2,5) mg/kg fat 3-monochloropropano-1,2-diol (3-MCPD) including glycidol (0,15 - 2,5) mg/kg fat Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS) Per product (calculated) Glycidol content (calculated)	DGF C-VI 18 (10) Part A, Part B

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Products containing ethyl alcohol and other solvents <sup>1)</sup>	Organic compounds concentration <sup>2),3)</sup> Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	Standardized methods <sup>6)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>5)</sup>
Agriculture products <sup>1)</sup> including feed Food <sup>1)</sup>	Sterols content <sup>2), 3)</sup> Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	Standardized methods <sup>6)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>5)</sup>
	Fatty acids content <sup>2), 3)</sup> Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID) Sum (calculated)	Standardized methods <sup>6)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>5)</sup>
Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs <sup>1)</sup> Food <sup>1)</sup>	Pesticides residues content <sup>2), 3)</sup> Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS), tandem mass spectrometry detection (GC-MS-MS)	Standardized methods <sup>6)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>5)</sup>
	Pesticides residues content <sup>2), 3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS- MS)	Standardized methods <sup>6)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>5)</sup>
	Antibiotics and chemotherapeutics residues content <sup>2), 3)</sup> Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	Standardized methods <sup>6)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>5)</sup>
Herbs	Pesticides residues content <sup>2), 3)</sup> Gas chromatography method with tandem mass spectrometry detection (GC-MS-MS)	PES/01 4)
	Dithiocarbamates content expressed as carbon disulphide <sup>2), 3)</sup> Headspace gas chromatography method with electron capture detection (HS-GC-ECD)	PES/03 <sup>4)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Acrylamide content <sup>3)</sup> Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	In-house test procedures <sup>5)</sup>

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2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and methods (research technique).

3) Change in the measuring range of the test method.

4) Applying updated methods described in-house test procedures.

5) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures.

6) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods

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Spectroscopy Laboratory Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Tea and coffee Food concentrates Meat and meat products Milk and dairy products Non-alcoholic beverages Spirits and alcoholic beverages Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products Fish and fishery products and seafood Sweets and sugar confectionery Herbal raw materials and products, spices, Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses, Animal and vegetable fats and oils Cereals and cereal products Ready-made culinary products Eggs and egg products Dietary supplements and nutritional foods Animal feedstuffs Oilseeds	Elements content Range: Pb (0,01 – 5,0) mg/kg Cr (0,01 – 5,0) mg/kg Cu (0,01 – 10,0) mg/kg Fe (0,01 – 50,0) mg/kg Cd (0,002 – 1,00) mg/kg Zn (0,05 – 50,0) mg/kg Atomic emission spectrometry method with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-OES)	PB-68/ICP ed. III of 18.09.2012
Tea and coffee Food concentrates Meat and meat products Milk and dairy products Non-alcoholic beverages Spirits and alcoholic beverages Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products Fish and fishery products and seafood Sweets and sugar confectionery Herbal raw materials and products, spices, Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses, Animal and vegetable fats and oils Cereals and cereal products Frozen products Ready-made culinary products Eggs and egg products Dietary supplements and nutritional foods Animal feedstuffs Oilseeds	Mercury content Range: (0,0006 – 10) mg/kg Atomic absorption spectrometry method with amalgamation technique	PB-30/PICP ed. 6 of 09.06.2023
Fatty acids methyl esters (FAME)	Phosphorus content Range: (1,00 – 221) mg/kg Atomic emission spectrometry method with inductively coupled plasma (ICP- OES)	PB-69/ICP ed. III of 18.09.2012

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested gualities/method	Reference document
Meat and meat products	Phosphorus content	PN-A-82060:1999
	Range: (0,1 – 10) g/kg Atomic emission spectrometry method	
	with inductively coupled plasma	
	(ICP-OES)	
	as P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	
	(calculated)	
Fish and seafood	Phosphorus content	PB-317/ICP ed. II of 18.12.2019
	Atomic emission spectrometry	
	method with inductively coupled	
	plasma (ICP-OES)	
	as P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	
	(calculated)	
Animal and vegetable fats and oils	Phosphorus content	PB-69/ICP ed. III of 18.09.2012
	Range: (1,00 – 221) mg/kg Atomic emission spectrometry method	
	with inductively coupled plasma	
	(ICP-OES)	
Plant cultivation aids:	Elements content	PB-186 ed. 6 of 05.01.2023
amendments)	Cd (0,300 – 20,0) mg/kg	
	Cu (1,00 – 1000) mg/kg	
	Cr $(1,00 - 1000) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	Pb $(2,00 - 1000) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	Zn (1,00 – 3000) mg/kg	
	As $(2,00 - 100) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	Co $(1,00 - 300)$ mg/kg	
	Mo (1,00 – 200) mg/kg	
	P $(100 - 250000) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	Mg $(25,0 - 125000)$ mg/kg	
	Sn (2,00 – 300) mg/kg	
	Fe (100 – 20000) mg/kg	
	with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-	
	OES)	
	Mercury content	
	Atomic absorption spectrometry	
	method with cold-vapor generation	
	(CVAAS)	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
<ul> <li>Tests carried out for the purposes of t</li> <li>Regulation of the Minister of Econo 2015, item 1277)</li> <li>Regulation of the Minister of the En (Journal of Laws of 2015, item 796)</li> </ul>	he regulated area: omy of 16 July 2015 on the acceptance o vironment of 11 May 2015 on waste recov	of waste to landfills (Journal of Laws of very outside the installations and devices
<ul> <li>Waste <sup>DAB-11</sup>:</li> <li>Mineral deposits and waste (I);</li> <li>Construction waste (III);</li> <li>Slag, ash and furnace dust (XI)</li> </ul>	Elements content Range: As $(10,0-500)$ mg/kg Ba $(100-3000)$ mg/kg Cd $(2,00-250)$ mg/kg Co $(10,0-500)$ mg/kg Cr $(100-1000)$ mg/kg Cu $(100-1000)$ mg/kg Mo $(10,0-500)$ mg/kg Ni $(100-500)$ mg/kg Pb $(100-1000)$ mg/kg Zn $(100-3000)$ mg/kg Sn $(10,0-500)$ mg/kg Atomic emission spectrometry method with inductively coupled	PB-488/ICP ed. 2 of 07.02.2022
	Mercury content Range: (0,010 – 50,0) mg/kg Atomic absorption spectrometry method with cold-vapor generation (CVAAS)	PB-488/ICP ed. 2 of. 07.02.2022

DAB-11) Waste codes according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue for the validation group are given in Annex No. 1 to DAB-11.

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Water, drinking water, sewage, soil, sediments Waste <sup>O)</sup> group code: 17 03 80	Concentration/ content of elements <sup>2), 3)</sup> Atomic emission spectrometry method with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-OES)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Aqueous extract prepared from waste in Environmental Analysis Laboratory Małaszewicze <sup>DAB-11</sup> and aqueous extract from waste <sup>O)</sup> group code: 17 03 80	Concentration of elements <sup>2), 3)</sup> Atomic emission spectrometry method with inductively coupled plasma (ICP- OES) Elements content (calculated)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Water, drinking water, sewage, soil, sediments Waste <sup>O)</sup> group code: 17 03 80	Concentration/ content of mercury <sup>3)</sup> Atomic absorption spectrometry method with cold-vapor generation (CVAAS)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Aqueous extract prepared from waste in Environmental Analysis Laboratory Małaszewicze <sup>DAB-11</sup> and aqueous extract from waste <sup>O)</sup> group code: 17 03 80	Concentration of mercury <sup>3)</sup> Atomic absorption spectrometry method with cold-vapor generation (CVAAS) Mercury content (calculated)	
Food <sup>1)</sup> Water, drinking water, sewage, soil, sediments Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs	Concentration/ content of elements <sup>(2), 3)</sup> Mass spectrometry method by ionizing with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-MS)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Concentration/ content of elements <sup>2), 3)</sup> Flame atomic absorption spectroscopy method (FAAS)	In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Concentration / content of elements <sup>2), 3)</sup> Atomic emission spectrometry method with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-OES) NaCl content (calculated) P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> content (calculated)	In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>

<sup>O)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

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2) Adding the tested feature within the subject / groups of subjects and method (research technique).

3) Change in the measuring range of the test method.

4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures.

5) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods.

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Dioxin Analysis Laboratory Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Food <sup>1)</sup> Agriculture products including feed <sup>1)</sup>	Determination of dioxin and dioxin-like PCB and indicator PCBs <sup>2),3)</sup> Gas chromatography method with high resolution mass spectrometry (GC-HRMS)	PB-408 <sup>4)</sup>

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects.
 Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and method (research technique).

3) Change in the measuring range of the test method.

4) Applying updated methods described in the in-house test procedures

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Classical Analysis Laboratory Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Tea and coffee Food concentrates, Meat and meat products, Non-alcoholic beverages (carbonated and non-carbonated soft drinks, juices, syrups), Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products, Sweets and sugar confectionery Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses, Frozen products, Dietary supplements and nutritional foods	Vitamin C content Range: (10,0 – 100,0) mg/100 g Titrimetric method	PN-A-04019:1998 p. 2
Milk and dairy products, Ready-made culinary products	Vitamin C content Range: (10,0 – 30,0) mg/100 g Titrimetric method	
Food concentrates Meat and meat products Fish and fishery products and seafoods Ready-made culinary products, Poultry and poultry products Milk and dairy products Cereals and cereal products Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses Sweets and sugar confectionery Herbal raw materials and products, spices Animal and vegetable fats and oils Dietary supplements and nutritional foods Animal feedstuffs	Water activity Range: (0,100 – 1,000) Vapour pressure method	PN-ISO 21807:2005
Bioethanol Spirits	Ethanol content (proof) Range: (60 – 99,9) % Gravimetric method	PN-A-79528-3:2007 p. 5.1
	Dry residue after evaporation Range: (0,001 – 0,050) g/l Gravimetric method	PN-A-79528-12-2000
Herbal raw materials and products, spices	Essential oils content Range: (0,5 – 4,5) ml/100g on dry matter Volumetric-distillation method	PB-414 ed. I of 18.12.2020

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Caseinates	Insolubility index (solubility) Range: (0,1 – 3,0) ml	ISO 8156:2005 IDF-FIL 129:2005
Casein and caseinates	Scorched particles Range: A – D Filtration method	ISO 5739:2003 IDF-FIL 107:2003 PN-ISO 5739:2010
Alcoholic beverages: beer	Alcohol content Range: $(0,2 - 10,0) % (v/v)$ Gravimetric method	PN-A-79093-2:2000+Ap1:2002
Milk	Peroxidase activity (gualitative test)	PB-22 ed. III of 04.02.2009
Fish and fishery products and seafood	Total volatile bases nitrogen (TVB-N) content Range: (4,0 – 150,0) mg N/100 g Titrimetric method	PN-A-86791:1995
Milk products: buttermilk powder	Insolubility index (solubility) Range: (0,1 – 3,0) ml Centrifuge method	ISO 8156:2005 IDF-FIL 129:2005
Dried milk	Phosphatase activity (qualitative test)	IDF-FIL/RM 82:2004 ISO/TS 6090:2004
	Insolubility index (solubility) Range: (0,1 – 3,0) ml Centrifuge method	ISO 8156:2005 IDF-FIL 129:2005 ADPI , Section 1, 2016
	Purity index (scorched particles) Range: A – D Filtration method	ADPI, Section 1, 2016
Dried milk	WPN (assessment of heat treatment) Range: (1,0 – 7,3) mg/g N Spectrophotometric method	ADPI, Section 1, 2016
	Lactic acid and lactates content Range: (20 – 300) mg/100g Spectrophotometric method	PN-EN ISO 8069:2008 ISO 8069:2005 IDF 69:2005
Bee honey	Presence of starch Range: from 0,05% (Qualitative test)	Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development Regulation of 14 January 2009, Annex p.XII 4.3, (Journal of Laws No. 17, item 94)
Animal and vegetable fats and oils	Insoluble impurities content Range: (0,01 – 0,5) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 663:2017-03 ISO 663:2017-03
	Anisidine value Range: 0,5 – 11,0 Spectrophotometric method	PN-EN ISO 6885:2016-04
Fruits and vegetables, Fruit and vegetable preserves	Sulphur dioxide content Range: (10 – 3000) mg/kg Titrimetric method	PN-90/A-75101/23+Az2:2002 PN-EN 13196:2002

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Meat and meat products	Hydroxyproline content Range: (0,1 – 1,25) % Spectrophotometric method	PN-ISO 3496:2000 ISO 3496:1994
Animal and vegetable fats and oils	Peroxide value Range: (0,1 – 30) meq/kg Titrimetric method	PN-EN ISO 3960:2017-03 ISO 3960:2017-03
	lodine value Range: (5 – 180) g/100 g Titrimetric method	PN-EN ISO 3961:2018-09
	Lovibond colour Range:Red units $(0,1-20)$ Yellow units $(0,1-70)$ Blue units $(0,1-0,9)$ Neutral units $(0,1-3)$ Colorimetric method	PN-ISO 15305:2001 ISO 15305:1998 AOCS Cc 13e-92:2002
	Conventional mass per volume (litre "weight" in air) Range: (0,7000 – 1,0000) g/ml Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 6883:2017-03
	Free fatty acids content (acid value) Range: (0,01 – 8,0) % Acid value Range: (0,02 – 16,0) mg KOH/g Titrimetric method	PN-EN ISO 660:2021-03 ISO 660:2020
Feed, Sharps	Crude fibre content (fibre) Range: (0,2 – 25) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 6865:2002 PN-ISO 5498:1996
	Starch content Range: (1,0 – 80) % Polarimetric method	ISO 6493:2000 PN-R-64785:1994
Milk products: Dry whey	Phosphatase activity (qualitative test)	IDF-FIL/RM 82:2004 ISO/TS 6090:2004
	Insolubility index (solubility) Range: (0,1 – 3,0) ml Centrifuge method	PB-26 ed. III of 04.02.2009
	Scorched particles Range: A – D Filtration method	PB-31 ed. III of 04.02.2009
Milk products: Dry cream	Insolubility index (solubility) Range: (0,1 – 3,0) ml Centrifuge method	ISO 8156:2005 IDF-FIL 129:2005
Cereals - wheat	Sedimentation index Range: (10 – 70) ml Zeleny test	PN-EN ISO 5529:2010
Cereals and cereal products	Falling number Range: (60 – 480) s Viscosimetric method	PN-EN ISO 3093:2010 ISO 3093:2009
Milk and milk products, Alcoholic beverages, Wine, Beer, Non-alcoholic beverages, Liquid food concentrates, Liquid dietary supplements,	Density Range: (0,8000 – 1,3200) g/cm <sup>3</sup> Oscillating method	PB-381 ed. 2 of 01.12.2021
Oils		

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Spirits beverages (spirit, spirits drinks)	Ethanol content (proof) Range: (30 – 99,9) % Oscillating method	PN-A-79529-4:2005 p. 7.2
	Density Range: (0,8000 – 1,1000) g/cm <sup>3</sup> Oscillating method	PN-A-79529-4:2005 p. 6.2
Fruit and vegetable products	Total extract content Range: (4,0 – 40,0) % (m/m) Refractometric method	PN-A-75101-02:1990+Az1:2002 p. 2
Non-alcoholic beverages	Total extract content Range: (0,2 – 12,0) % (m/m) Refractometric method	PN-A-79033:1985 p.3.6.1
Sugar confectionery	Alcohol content Range: (0,05 – 5,5) g / 100g Pycnometric method	PN-A-88026:1981
Vegetable and fruits juices, nectars	Soluble substances content Range: (5,0 – 70,0)% (m/m) Refractometric method	PN-EN 12143:2000
	Relative density 20°C/20°C Range: (1,0000 – 1,1000) Gravimetric method	PN-EN 1131:1999
	Density Range: (1,0000 – 1,1000) g/cm <sup>3</sup> Gravimetric method	PN-EN 1131:1999 PB-276 ed. I of 10.07.2014 p. 7

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6), 7), 8)</sup>		
Food <sup>1)</sup>	pH <sup>2)</sup> Potentiometric method	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
	Nitrites and nitrates content <sup>2)</sup> Spectrophotometric method	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
	Total sugars after inversion content <sup>2)</sup> Titrimetric method	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
	Carbohydrates content <sup>2), 8)</sup> Spectrophotometric method	ISO 5765 <sup>7)</sup> PB-265 <sup>6)</sup>
Food <sup>1)</sup> Agriculture products, including animal feedstuffs	Water and volatile matter content (dry matter) <sup>2)</sup> Gravimetric method	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup> Legislation <sup>5)</sup>
	Ash content <sup>2)</sup> Gravimetric method	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup> Legislation <sup>5)</sup>

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

1) Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects.

2) Change in the measuring range of the test method.

3) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures.

4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods.

5) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the legislation.

6) Applying updated methods described in-house test procedures

7) Applying updated methods described in the standardized methods.

8) Adding the tested feature within the subject/group of subjects and methods (research technique).

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Nutrtion Analysis Laboratory Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses Sweets and sugar confectionery Non-alcoholic beverages (carbonated and non-carbonated soft drinks, juices, syrups), Spirits and alcoholic beverages, Tea and coffee Animal and vegetable fats and oils Milk and dairy products, Dietary supplements and nutritional foods Food additives Meat and meat products, Fish and fishery products and seafood, Ready-made culinary products, Eggs and egg products Food concentrates Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products Herbal raw materials and products, spices Frozen products Oilseeds Cereals and cereal products Animal feedstuffs	Kjeldahl nitrogen content Range: (0,05– 14,5) % Protein content Range: (0,3 – 93,0) % Titrimetric method	PB-116 ed. III of 11.08.2020
Milk and dairy products	Kjeldahl nitrogen content Range: (0,3 – 14,5) % Protein content Range: (2,0 – 93,0) % Titrimetric method	PN-EN ISO 8968-3:2008
Cereals and cereal products	Kjeldahl nitrogen content Range: (1,3 – 12,0) % Protein content Range: (8,0 – 75,0) % Titrimetric method	PN-EN ISO 20483:2014-02
Bioethanol Spirits	Acidity (as acetic acid) Range: (0,003 – 0,030) g/l ethanol 100 % Titrimetric method	PN-A-79528-7:2001

	Type of activity/tested	
Subject of testing/product	qualities/method	Reference document
Non-alcoholic beverages	Dietary fibre content	AOAC 991.43:1994
Spirits and alcoholic beverages	Range: (0,5 – 50) %	
Milk and dairy products	Gravimetric method	
Meat and meat products		
Fish and fishery products and		
Eags and eag products		
Eggs and egg products Food concentrates		
Animal and vegetable fats and oils		
Ready-made culinary products		
Fruits, vegetables, fruit and		
vegetable products and vegetable		
with meat products		
Sugar confectionery		
Cereals and cereal products		
Bread and bakery products		
foods		
Herbal raw materials and products.		
spices,		
Oilseeds		
Feed		
Tea and coffee	Energy	Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 of the
Food concentrates,	Carbohydrates content	Parliament and of the Council of 25
Meat and meat products,	(calculated)	October 2011
Milk and dairy products,		FDA Nutrition Labelling Manual
Non-alcoholic beverages		Guide to Food Labelling and
(carbonated and non-carbonated		Advertising (Canadian Food
soft drinks, juices, syrups),		Inspection Agency)
Spirits and alconolic beverages, Oilcoode		
Fruits vegetables fruit and		
vegetable products and vegetable		
with meat products,		
Fish and fishery products and		
seafood,		
Sweets and sugar confectionery,		
spices		
Foodstuffs for particular nutritional		
uses,		
Animal and vegetable fats and oils,		
Cereals and cereal products,		
Frozen products,		
Ready-made culinary products,		
Poultry and poultry products,		
Eggs and egg products,		
Carcases, clippings from		
Carcasses, Distant supplements and		
Dietary supplements and		
Food additives		
roou additives		

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Casein	Free acidity Range: (0,01 – 0,70) 0,1 mol/l NaOH/1 g Titrimetric method	ISO 5547:2008 IDF-FIL 91:2008 PN-ISO 5547:2010
Food concentrates Cereal crisps	Chlorides content Range: (0,1 – 40) % Titrimetric method	PN-A-79011-7:1998
Butter, milk products intended to spread	Chlorides content Range: (0,1 – 5) % Titrimetric method (Mohr)	ISO 1738:2004 IDF-FIL 12:2004
	Fat acidity Range: (0,1 – 2,0) mmol/100g Titrimetric method	ISO 1740:2004 IDF-FIL 6:2004
Milk products: buttermilk powder	Acidity Range: (0,01 – 0,2) % Titrimetric method	ADPI, Section 1, 2016
Dried milk	Acidity Range: (0,08 – 0,2) % Titrimetric method	ADPI, Section 1, 2016
	Acidity Range: from 8,0 ml 0,1 mol/l NaOH/10 g non-fat dry matter to 20 ml 0,1 mol/l NaOH/10 g non-fat dry matter Titrimetric method	PN-ISO 6091:2012
Fruits and vegetables, Fruit and vegetable preserves	Total acidity as particular acid content Range: (0,1 – 2,5) % (m/m) Titrimetric method	PN-90/A-75101/04+Az1:2002
Meat and meat products	Meat content (calculated)	PB-282 ed. II of 06.09.2016
Meat and meat products	Salt content Range: (0,1 – 10) % Titrimetric method	PN-73/A-82112+Az1:2002
	Collagen content Range: $(0,8 - 10)$ % Connective tissue content (ratio of collagen to protein content in meat) Range: $(3 - 30)$ % (calculated)	Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2011
Fish and fishery products	Salt content Range: (0,1 – 8,0) % Titrimetric method	PN-74/A-86739 PN-85/A-82100
	Total acidity Range: (0,5 – 4,0) % Titrimetric method	PN-74/A-86746 PN-85/A-82100
Milk products: Dry whey	Acidity Range: (0,05 – 2,0) % Titrimetric method	PB-25 ed. III of 04.02.2009
Milk products: Cheese	Chlorides content Range: (0,2 – 6,0) % Potentiometric method	PN-EN ISO 5943:2007 ISO 5943:2006 IDF-FIL 88:2006

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Milk products: Cream and sour cream	Acidity Range: (0,2 – 30) °SH Titrimetric method	PN-78/A-86028+Az2:2002
Ready-made culinary products Frozen culinary products	Sodium chloride content Range: (0,5 – 5) % Titrimetric method	PN-85/A-82100

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5)</sup>		
Food <sup>1)</sup>	Fat content <sup>2)</sup>	Standardized methods4)
Animal feedstuffs	Gravimetric method	In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
		Legislation <sup>5)</sup>

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

1) Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects.

2) Change in the measuring range of the test method.

3) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures.

4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods.

5) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the legislation.

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Non-Food and Packaging Laboratory Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Household chemistry products: liquids and gels, powders, pastes, liquid soaps, shampoos	Density Range: (0,860 – 1,300) g/cm <sup>3</sup> Gravimetric method	PN-92/C-04504 p. 4
	Dry residue Range: (0,1 – 60,0) % (m/m) Gravimetric method Dry organic residue Range: (0,1 – 60,0) % (m/m)	PB-107 ed. I of 01.09.2010
	Chloride content as NaCl Range: (0,1 – 10,0) % (m/m) Titrimetric method	PB-108 ed. I of 01.09.2010
	pH Range: 1,0 – 12,0 Potentiometric method pH of 1% water solution Range: 2,0 – 12,0 Potentiometric method	PB-109 ed. I of 01.09.2010
Household chemistry products and cosmetics: - liquids and gels, powders, pastes, liquid soaps, shampoos	Anionic-active matter content Range: (0,50 – 30,00) % (m/m) Titrimetric method	PN-ISO 2271:2000
Household chemistry products and cosmetics: - liquids and gels, liquid soaps, shampoos	Density Range: (0,850 – 1,350) g/cm <sup>3</sup> Oscillating method	PB-489 ed. I of 15.10.2021
Paper, cardboard, packaging materials Textile, fabrics and final	Resistance to saliva Range: (1 – 5) Visual method	DIN 53160-1:2010-10
products Toys	Resistance to sweat Range: (1 – 5) Visual method	DIN 53160-2:2010-10
Paper, cardboard and plastics	Colour fastness Range: (1 – 5) Visual method	PN-EN 648:2019-03
Paper, cardboard	Formaldehyde content Range: (1,0 – 30) mg/kg (0,0010 – 3,0) mg/dm <sup>2</sup> Spectrophotometric method	PN-EN 1541:2003
	Grammage Range: (25,0 – 1000) g/m <sup>2</sup> Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 536:2020-08
	Moisture content Range: (0,05 – 60,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 287:2018-02
	Colour fastness Range: (1 – 5) Visual method	PN-EN 646:2019-03
	<ul> <li>Benzophenone,</li> <li>4-methylobenzophenone,</li> <li>2- hyroxybenzophenone,</li> <li>4- hyroxybenzophenone content</li> <li>Range: (0,02 - 10) mg/dm<sup>2</sup></li> <li>Gas chromatography method with</li> <li>mass spectrometry (GC-MS)</li> </ul>	PB-247/GC ed. I of 03.02.2014

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Paper, cardboard	4,4'-bis(dimethyloamino)benzophenone and 4,4'-bis(diethyloamino)benzophenone content Range: (0,0016 – 0,0048) mg/dm <sup>2</sup> Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PB-252/GC ed. I of 03.02.2014
Paper, fibre, cardboard	DiisopropyInaphthalene content Range: (0,6 – 10) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PN-EN 14719: 2006
	Pentachlorophenol content Range: (0,05 – 0,5) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PN-EN ISO 15320: 2011
Tissue paper and tissue products	Grammage Range: (15,0 – 85,0) g/m <sup>2</sup> Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 12625-6:2017-03
Paper and cardboard materials and products	Concentration of bisphenol A in aqueous extract Range: (0,010 – 5,0) µg/ml High performance liquid chromatography method with fluorescence detection (HPLC-FLD) Bisphenol A content (calculated)	CEN/TS 13130-13:2005 IW-28/PNF ed. I of 21.09.2015

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Paper, cardboard, packaging materials Plastics and rubber products, Dyes, paints, lacquer, Toys	Chromium (VI) content Range: (5,0 – 50,0) mg/kg Spectrophotometric method	PB-269 ed. I of. 02.06.2014
Plastic materials and products intended to come into contact with food	Specific migration of formaldehyde into simulants Range: (1,5 – 30) mg/kg Spectrophotometric method with 2,4–pentanodione Specific migration of hexamethylenetetramine expressed as formaldehyde into simulants Range: (1,5 – 30) mg/kg Spectrophotometric method with 2,4–pentanodione	CEN/TS 13130-23:2005
Plastics and rubber products intended to come into contact with food	Specific migration of vinyl acetate Range: (1,2 – 24,0) mg/kg Headspace gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (HS-GC-FID)	CEN/TS 13130-9:2005
	Specific migration of maleic anhydride (as maleic acid) Range: (3,0 – 60,0) mg/kg High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis)	CEN/TS 13130-24:2005
Plastic materials and products, Paper, cardboard, rubber	Plasticizers content: Range: tri n-butyl acetyl citrate (100 - 20000) mg/kg triethyl citrate (100 - 20000) mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate (100 - 20000) mg/kg dibutyl sebacate (100 - 20000) mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) sebacate (100 - 20000) mg/kg Triacetin (100 - 20000) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PB-307/ GC ed. I of 04.05.2015
Materials and products intended to come into contact with food	Specific migration non intentionally added substances (NIAS) to 95 % ethanol Range: (0,01 – 50000) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PB-308/ GC ed. III of 15.05.2017
Plastic and rubber materials and products	Specific migration of N,N-bis(2- hydroxyethyl) alkil(C8-C18)amine into food simulants Range: (0,4 - 5) mg/kg of food simulant High performance liquid chromatography method with tandem mass spectrometry (HPLC-MS-MS)	PB-341/LC ed. I of 12.09.2016

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/ tested qualities/method	Reference document
Plastics, textiles	Benzene content Range: (1,5-25) mg/kg Headspace gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (HS-GC-MS)	PB-380 ed. I of 06.07.2018
Plastics and rubber products intended to come into contact with food	Specific migration of 2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (BHT) into food simulants Range: (1-25) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PB-385 ed. I of 26.10.2018
Paper, cardboard, packaging materials	Mineral oils content (MOSH, MOAH) Range: (0,50 - 600) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection coupled with high performance liquid chromatography method (HPLC-GC-FID)	PB-390/GC ed. I of 30.01.2019
Plastic products intended to come into contact with food	Specific migration of 9,9-bis[methoxymethyl]- 9H-fluorene into food simulants Range: (0,05 – 5,0) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PB-367 ed. II of 21.02.2018
	Specific migration of acetaldehyde into food simulants Range: (0,5-20) mg/kg Headspace gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (HS-GC-FID)	PB-395 ed. I of 15.05.2019
Plastic products intended to come into contact with food	Specific migration of 1,3,5-tris (3,5-di- tertbutyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-1,3,5-triazine- 2,4,6(1H, 3H, 5H)-trione into food simulants Range: (0,5-15) mg/kg High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis)	PB-300 ed. I of 10.08.2019
Plastic materials and products intended to come into contact with food	Overall migration into vegetable oils Range: (2,0 – 100,0) mg/dm <sup>2</sup> Gravimetric method	PN-EN 1186-2:2022-12
Plastics and rubber products	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins (SCCP) content Range: (50-2000) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PB-401/GC ed. I of 15.07.2019
Toys, materials for toys, plastics	Formaldehyde content in extract Range: (0,5 – 5,0) mg/kg Spectrophotometric method	PN-EN-71-11:2007
Toys, materials for toys made of plastics	Migration of monomersRange:acrylamide(0,01-0,5) mg/lphenol(1,0 -50,0) mg/lbisphenol A(0,01-0,5) mg/lLiquid chromatography method with tandemmass spectrometry and photodiode detection(LC-MS-MS/DAD/UV)	PN-EN 71-11:2007 IW-34/PNF ed. I of 24.04.2017
Toys, materials for toys made of textiles, textiles	Formaldehyde content Range: (16 – 3500) mg/kg Spectrophotometric method	PN-EN ISO 14184-1:2011

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/ tested qualities/method	Reference document
Electrical and electronic equipment and its polymer, textile, paper and electronic components, the materials used in the manufacture of electrical and electronic equipment and packaging	Elements content           Range:           AI $(50 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Sb $(5,0 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ As $(5,0 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Ba $(50 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ B $(50 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Cd $(5,0 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Cr total $(5,0 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Co $(5,0 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Cu $(50 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Pb $(5,0 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Hg $(5,0 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Ni $(5,0 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Se $(5,0 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Sr $(50 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Sn total $(50 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Zn $(50 - 3000) \text{ mg/kg}$ Mass spectrometry method by ionizing with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-MS)	PN-EN 62321-4:2014-08 +A1:2017-12 PN-EN 62321-5:2014-08
	Concentration of polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) in the solvent extract from material of an object Range: PBB $(0,03 - 1,5)\%$ PDBE $(0,03 - 1,5)\%$ Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS) Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) content (calculated)	PN-EN 62321-6:2015-10
Toys, materials for toys made with plastics, paper and textiles	Dyes content Range: Disperse Blue 1 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Disperse Blue 106 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Disperse Blue 124 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Disperse Orange 3 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Disperse Orange 37 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Solvent Yellow 1 $(4$ -aminoazobenzen) (4 - 10)  mg/kg Solvent Yellow 2 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Basic Red 9 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Basic Violet 1 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Basic Violet 1 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Disperse Blue 3 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Disperse Blue 3 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Disperse Red 1 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Disperse Red 1 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Acid Red 26 $(4 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$ Liquid chromatography method with tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS-MS)	PN-EN 71-11:2007 IW-37 ed. I of 01.09.2017

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Toys, materials for toys made of	Migration of plasticizers	PN-EN 71-11:2007
plastics	Range:	
P	Triphenyl phosphate (0,01-10,0) mg/l	
	Tri-2-tolyl phosphate (0,01-10,0) mg/l	
	Tri-3-tolyl phosphate (0,01-10,0) mg/l	
	Tri-4-tolyl phosphate (0,01-10,0) mg/l	
	Gas chromatography method with mass	
	spectrometry (GC-MS)	
	Migration of solvents	PN-EN 71-11:2007
	Range:	
	Trichloroethylene (0,004-0,07) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	Dichloromethane (0,01-0,2) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	Toluene (0,13-2,6) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	Ethylbenzene (0,09-1,7) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	o-xylene (0,09-1,7) mg/dm <sup>3</sup> sum	
	of m-xylene and p-xylene	
	(0,18-3,4) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	Cyclohexanone (0,09-1,7) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	Methanol (0,4-8) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	Headspace gas chromatography method with	
	mass spectrometry detection	
	(HS-GC-MS)	
Toys, materials for toys made of	Migration of solvent	PN-EN 71-11:2007
plastics	Range:	
	2-methoxyethyr acetate (0,05-1,0) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	2-ethoxyethanoi $(0,05-1,0)$ mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	bis (2-methovyethyl) ether	
	(0.05-1.0) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	2-methoxypropyl acetate	
	$(0.05-1.0) \text{ mg/dm}^3$	
	styrene $(0, 1-2, 0)$ mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	isophorone $(0.25-5.5) \text{ mg/dm}^3$	
	nitrobenzene $(0.02-0.6)$ ma/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	Gas chromatography method with mass	
	spectrometry (GC-MS)	
Toys, materials for toys made	Content of flame retardants	PN-EN 71-11:2007
with plastics, paper and fabrics	Range:	IW-35 ed. I of 28.06.2017
	Tris (2-chloroethyl) phosphate	
	(1,0-200,0) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	Tri-o-tolyl phosphate (1,0-200,0) mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	
	Pentabromodiphenyl ether (0,03-1,5)%	
	Ocrabromodiphenyl ether (0,03-1,5)%	
	Gas chromatography method with mass	
	spectrometry (GC-MS)	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/ tested_gualities/method	Reference document
Paper, cardboard and plastic	Elements content	PB-233/ICP ed. II of
materials and products	Al (50 –500) mg/kg	15.11.2017
·	Sb (5,0 –500) mg/kg	
	As (5,0 – 500) mg/kg	
	Ba (50 – 500) mg/kg	
	B (50 – 500) mg/kg	
	Cd (0,5 – 500) mg/kg	
	Cr (total) (2,0 – 500) mg/kg	
	Co $(5,0-500) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	Cu (50 – 500) mg/kg	
	Pb $(2,0-500)$ mg/kg	
	(50 - 500)  mg/kg	
	Hg $(0,5-50)$ mg/kg	
	(5,0-500) mg/kg	
	Se = (5,0-500) mg/kg	
	(50 - 500)  mg/kg	
	$Z_n = (50 - 500) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	Mass spectrometry method by ionizing with	
	inductively coupled plasma (ICP-MS)	
Plastic materials and products,	Oxygen permeability	ASTM D 3985-17
multi-layer materials, viscose	Range: (0,005 – 2000) cm <sup>3</sup> /(m <sup>2</sup> ·24/h)	
films	Coulometric sensor method	
Plastic materials and products,	Oxygen permeability	ASTM F 1927-20
multi-layer materials, viscose	Range: (0,005 – 2000) cm <sup>3</sup> /(m <sup>2</sup> ·24/h)	
films	Coulometric sensor method	
Plastic materials and products,	Water vapour permeability	ASTM F 1249-20
multi-layer materials, viscose	Range: (0,005 – 1000) cm³/(m²·24/h)	
films	Infrared sensor method	
Plastic: single layer, multi-layer,	Screening of non-intentionally added	PB-502 ed. 3 of 30.10.2023
printed	substances (NIAS), determination in food	
single layer, printed multi-layer	simulants: MPPO (Tenax), 95 % ethanol, 50 %	
materials and	ethanoi, 20 % ethanoi, 10 % ethanoi, 3 %	
Paper and board materials and	Bange: $(0.01 - 60)$ mg/kg	
articles	i iquid chromatography method with	
	Quadrupole Time-of-Flight Mass	
	Spectrometry (LC-QTOF-MS)	
Toys	Bisphenols content	PB-374 ed. 3 of 16.01.2023
Plastic: single layer, multi-layer,	Bisphenol A	
printed	Bisphenol B	
single layer, printed multi-layer	Bisphenol F	
materials and	Bisphenol S	
articles Paper and board materials and	Range: (0,05 - 30) mg/kg	
articles	Liquid chromatography method with landern	
Paper and board materials and	Glyoxal content	DIN 54603:2008-08
articles	Bange: $(12 - 190)$ mg/kg	
	(0,0019 – 1,9) mg/dm <sup>2</sup>	
	Spectrophotometric method	
Paper and board materials and articles	Epichlorohydrin hydrolysis products content in the	PB-572 ed 1 z of 29.08.2023
	water extract	
	nanye. 1 3-dichloro-2-propanol (1 3-DCP) (1 0 - 25) ug/	
	3-monochloro-propane-1,2-diol (3-MCPD) (5,0 - 70)	
	µg/l	
	Gas chromatography method with mass	
	specironieny (GC-MS)	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/ tested qualities/method	Reference document
Metal materials and articles	Release of elements to food simulant – citric	PB-298 ed. 2 of 07.08.2023
	acid 0,5%	
	Range: Mg (0.050 – 1000) mg/kg	
	Al (0,050 – 200) mg/kg	
	Sb (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Co (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Mo (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Cr $(0,050 - 100) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	(0,050 - 100)  mg/kg	
	Ni $(0.005 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	Cu (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Zn (0,050 – 100) mg/kg	
	Ag (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Sn $(0,050 - 1000)$ mg/kg	
	V = (0.001 - 10)  mg/kg	
	Ba $(0,050 - 100)$ mg/kg	
	Be (0,001 – 10) mg/kg	
	Pb (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Li $(0,005 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	$\begin{array}{ccc} Hg & (0,001-0,0005) Hg/kg \\ TI & (0.001-1.0) mg/kg \end{array}$	
	As $(0,001 - 10) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	Cd (0,001 – 10) mg/kg	
	Zr (0,050 – 100) mg/kg	
	Mass spectrometry method by ionizing with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-MS)	
Metal materials and articles	Release of elements to food simulant – water	PB-298 ed. 2 of 07.08.2023
	(DIN 10531) Bange:	
	Al (0.050 – 200) mg/kg	
	Sb (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Co (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Mo (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Cr = (0.050 - 100)  mg/kg	
	Fe $(0.050 - 500) \text{ mg/kg}$	
	Ni (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Cu (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Zn (0,050 – 100) mg/kg	
	Ag (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	Ti $(0,000 - 1000)$ mg/kg	
	V (0,001 – 10) mg/kg	
	Ba (0,050 – 100) mg/kg	
	Be (0,001 – 10) mg/kg	
	Pb (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	$H_{\alpha}$ (0,005 – 10) mg/kg	
	TI $(0,001 - 1.0)$ mg/kg	
	As (0,001 – 10) mg/kg	
	Cd (0,001 – 10) mg/kg	
	Zr (0,050 – 100) mg/kg	
	Mass spectrometry method by ionizing with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-MS)	

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Materials and products intended to come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup>	Determination in food simulants <sup>2), 3)</sup> High performance liquid chromatography method with fluorescence detection (HPLC-FLD)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Materials and products intended	Overall migration into food simulants <sup>2), 3)</sup>	Standardized methods 5)
to come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup>	Gravimetric method	In-house test procedures 4)
Materials and products intended to come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup>	Specific migration into food simulants <sup>2), 3)</sup> High performance liquid chromatography method with spectrophotometric detection (HPLC-UV/Vis) and diode array detection (HPLC-DAD)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Materials and products intended to come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup>	Specific migration to food simulants <sup>2), 3)</sup> Headspace gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (HS-GC-FID), Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Plastic and rubber materials and products <sup>1)</sup> Paper and cardboard materials and products <sup>1)</sup>	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons content (PAH) and polychlorinated biphenyls content (PCB) <sup>2), 3)</sup> Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Paper and cardboard materials	Phthalates content <sup>2), 3)</sup>	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>
and products, plastics Toys <sup>1)</sup>	Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Plastic and rubber materials and products <sup>1)</sup>	Volatile organic compounds and organic solvents content $^{2 \scriptscriptstyle \mbox{\scriptsize (3)}}$	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Paper and cardboard materials and products <sup>1)</sup> Candles, paraffin, waxes	Headspace gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (HS-GC- FID), headspace gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (HS-GC-MS)	
Materials and products intended to	Elements migration to simulants <sup>2), 3)</sup>	Standardized methods 5)
come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup>	Mass spectrometry method by ionizing with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-MS)	In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>
Toys <sup>1)</sup>	Elements migration <sup>2), 3)</sup> Mass spectrometry method by ionizing with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-MS)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>
Electrical and electronic equipment and its polymer, textile, paper and electronic components, the materials used in the manufacture of electrical and electronic equipment and packaging Toys <sup>1)</sup>	Chromium (VI) content <sup>3)</sup> High-performance liquid chromatography with ionizing with inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry method (HPLC-ICP-MS)	Standardized methods <sup>5)</sup>

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4), 5), 6)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Toys <sup>1)</sup>	Amins content <sup>2), 3)</sup>	Standardized methods 5)
Materials and products intended to come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup>	High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)	In-house test procedures 4)
Textiles and leather <sup>1)</sup>	Amins content <sup>2), 3)</sup>	In-house test procedures 4)
	High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LC-M-/MS)	
Plastic packaging materials and	Specific migration to food simulants <sup>2), 3)</sup>	In-house test procedures 4)
products <sup>1)</sup> Materials and products intended to come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup> Paper and cardboard materials and articles <sup>1)</sup>	High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS-MS)	
Materials and products intended to come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup>	Specific migration of mineral oils (MOSH, MOAH) into food simulants <sup>2),3)</sup>	PB-396/GC <sup>6)</sup>
Paper and cardboard materials and articles <sup>1)</sup>	Range: (0,1-100) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection coupled with high performance liquid chromatography method (HPLC-GC-FID)	
Materials and articles intended to come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup>	Screening of non-intentionally added substances (NIAS), determination in food simulants <sup>2), 3)</sup>	In-house test procedures 4)
	Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection and flame ionization detector (GC-MS-FID)	
Materials and articles intended to come into contact with food <sup>1)</sup>	Determination in food simulants <sup>2), 3)</sup> Liquid chromatography method with Quadrupole Time-of-Flight Mass Spectrometry (LC-QTOF-MS)	In-house test procedures <sup>4)</sup>

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

1) Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects.

2) Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and methods (research techniques).

3) Change in the measuring range of the test method.

4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures.

5) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods.

6) Applying updated methods described in-house test procedures.

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Environmental Analysis Laboratory Gdynia Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia			
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method Reference document		
Water, sewage	Phenol index Range: (0,010 – 5,0) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PN-ISO 6439:1994	
	Kjeldahl nitrogen concentration Range: (0,50 – 1000) mg/l Titrimetric method	PN-EN 25663:2001	
	Ammonium nitrogen concentration Range: (0,50 – 1000) mg/l Titrimetric method	PN-ISO 5664:2002	
	Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)	PB-102 ed. IV of 09.02.2022	
	Chromium (VI) content Range: (0,01 – 5,0) mg/kg Spectrophotometric method	NANOCOLOR no. 91825 test Instruction ed. of 03.2021	
Water, drinking water, sewage	pH Range: 3,0 – 10,0 Potentiometric method	PN-EN ISO 10523:2012	
	Electrical conductivity Range: (10 – 3000) µS/cm Conductometric method	PN-EN 27888:1999	
	Nitrates concentration Range: (0,20 – 70) mg/INO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> (0,045 – 15,8) mg/I N-NO <sub>3</sub> Spectrophotometric method	PN-82/C-04576/08	
	Nitrites concentration Range: $(0,01 - 1,6) \text{ mg/l NO}_2^-$ $(0,003 - 0,48) \text{ mg/l N-NO}_2$ Spectrophotometric method	PN-EN 26777:1999	
	Total Suspended solids Range: (2,0–4000) mg/l Gravimetric method	PN-EN 872:2007+Ap1:2007	
	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> ) Range: (1 – 6000) mg/l O <sub>2</sub> Optical method	PN-EN ISO 5815-1:2019-12	
	Total dissolved solids Range: (10 – 10000) mg/l Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15216:2010	
	Content of petroleum ether extractable substances Range: (5 – 1000) mg/l Gravimetric method	PB-196 ed. II of 10.05.2018	
	Chloride concentration Range: (5,0 – 10000) mg/l Titrimetric method	PN-ISO 9297:1994	
	Phosphate concentration Range: (0,03 – 15,3) mg/l Total phosphorus concentration Range: (0,05 – 5,0) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-127 ed. I of 15.06.2011 based on MERCK 1.14848.0001 test	
	Sulphate concentration Range: (5,0 – 250) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-128 ed. I of 15.06.2011 based on the MERCK 1.14548.0001 test	
	Free and bound cyanide concentration Range: (0,005 – 0,500) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-129 ed. I of 15.06.2011 based on MERCK 1.09701.0001 test	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Water, drinking water, sewage	Total organic carbon (TOC) Range: (1,50 – 1000) mg/l Infrared spectrometry method	PN-EN 1484:1999
	Anionic detergents concentration (anionic surface acting agents) Range: (0,05 – 50,0) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PN-EN 903:2002
	Hydrocarbon oil index Range: (0,1-100) mg/l Gas chromatography method with	PN-EN ISO 9377-2:2003
	Chemical oxygen demand- Cr Range: (5,00 – 10000) mg/l O <sub>2</sub> Spectrophotometric method	PN-ISO 15705:2005
	$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Organochlorine pesticides} \\ \mbox{concentration} \\ \mbox{Range:} \\ \mbox{HCB} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$\alpha$-HCH} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$\beta$-HCH} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$\gamma$-HCH} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$\delta$-HCH} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-HCH} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-hCH} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-hch} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-hch} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-hch} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-hch} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-hch} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-hch} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-hch} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-chlordane} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$h$-chlordane} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$o$-chlordane} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$o$-DDE} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$o$-DDE} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$o$-DDD} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$o$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$o$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-DDT} & (0,010 - 0,2) \ \mu g/l \\ \mbox{$m$-Sp$-chm} \\ $m$-Sp$-$	PN-EN ISO 6468:2002
	Anionic detergents concentration (anionic surface acting agents) Range: (0,10 – 20) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-379 ed. I of 10.05.2018 based on MERCK 1.02552.0001 cuvette test
	Non-ionic detergents concentration (non-ionic surface acting agents, non-ionic surfactants) Range: (0,3 – 50) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-477 ed. I of 01.04.2021 based on NANOCOLOR 985047 test
	Sulphides concentration Range: (0,05 – 1,5) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-476 ed. I of 01.04.2021 based on MERCK 1.14779.0001 test
	Formaldehyde concentration Range: (0,1 – 80) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-478 ed. I of 23.06.2021 based on NANOCOLOR 985041 test

Water, drinking water       Permanganate index Range: (0,50 - 10) mg/l Titrimetire method       PN-         Ammonium ion concentration       PB-         Range: (0,06 - 3,86) mg/l       on I         Spectrophotometric method       PN-         Range: (5 - 70) mg/l Pt       PN-         Visual method       PN-         Range: (5 - 70) mg/l Pt       +Af         Spectrophotometric method       PN-         Range: (0,20 - 100) NTU       PN-         Range: (0,20 - 100) NTU       Nephelometric method         Summary concentration of calcium and magnesium       PN-         Total hardness as CaCO3       Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l       +Af         Bicarbonates       Range: (2,4 - 1220) mg/l HCO3'       Titrimetric method         Bromate concentration       PN-I       Range: (3 - 20) µg/l       PN-I         Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I       Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I         Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I       Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I         Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I       Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I         Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I       Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I         Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I       Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I	Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/ tested qualities/method	Reference document
Ammonium ion concentration       PB- Range: (0,06 - 3,86) mg/l       on I         Spectrophotometric method       PN-         Colour       PN-         Range: (5 - 70) mg/l Pt       Yisual method         Colour       PN-         Range: (5 - 70) mg/l Pt       +Apt         Spectrophotometric method       PN-         Turbidity       PN-         Range: (0,20 - 100) NTU       Nephelometric method         Summary concentration of calcium and magnesium       Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> Range: (5,0 - 500) mg/l       Titrimetric method         Total alkalinity       PN-         Range: (2,4 - 1220) mg/l HCO <sub>3</sub> *       Titrimetric method         Bromate concentration       PN-I         Range: (2,0 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I         Ion chromatography (IC) method       Acrylamide concentration         Range: (2,4 - 1220) mg/l HCO <sub>3</sub> *       Titrimetric method         Bromate concentration       PB-4         Range: (2,05 - 5,0) µg/l       PN-I         Ion chromatography (IC) method       Acrylamide concentration         Acrylamide concentration       PB-4         Range: (3 - 20) µg/l       PN-I         Ion chromatography (IC) method       Acrylamide concentration         Acrylamide concentration<	Water, drinking water	Permanganate index Range: (0,50 – 10) mg/l Titrimetric method	PN-EN ISO 8467:2001
Colour       PN-         Range: (5 - 70) mg/l Pt       Yisual method         Colour       PN-         Range: (5 - 70) mg/l Pt       +Ap         Spectrophotometric method       PN-         Turbidity       PN-         Range: (0,20 - 100) NTU       Nephelometric method         Summary concentration of calcium and magnesium       PN-         Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> Range: (5,0 - 500) mg/l         Titrimetric method       PN-         Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l       +Ap         Bicarbonates       Range: (24,4 - 1220) mg/l HCO <sub>3</sub> *         Titrimetric method       PN-I         Range: (3 - 20) µg/l       PN-I         Ion chromatography (IC) method       Acrylamide concentration         Acrylamide concentration       PB-4         Range: (0,05 - 5.0) µg/l       ed.         High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LCMS/MS)       PN-I         Organophosphorus pestiodes concentration: Acrylamide coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LCMS/MS)       PN-I         Organophosphorus pestiodes concentration: Acrylamide coupled with tandem mass       PN-I         Dimethoate, Ethion, Ethoprophos, Bromophos, ethyl, Bienthrin, Azinphos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Horporifos, Fenitrothion I, Fenzupatone, Phosmet, Captan, Catoophenothion, Meenpyrole		Ammonium ion concentration Range: (0,06 – 3,86) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-124 ed. I of 15.06.2011 based on MERCK 1.14752.0001 test
ColourPN- Range: (5 – 70) mg/l Pt+ApSpectrophotometric methodTurbidityPN- Range: (0,20 - 100) NTUPN- Nephelometric methodSummary concentration of calcium and magnesium Total hardness as CaCO3 Range: (5,0 - 500) mg/lPN- Titrimetric methodTotal alkalinityPN- Range: (0,40 - 20) mg/lPN- Hange: (0,40 - 20) mg/lTitrimetric methodTotal alkalinityPN- Range: (2,4,4 - 1220) mg/l HCO3- Titrimetric methodBicarbonatesRange: (3 - 20) µg/lPN-I Range: (3 - 20) µg/lRange: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/lPN-I Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/lHigh-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LCMS/MS)PN-I Range-spectrometry (LCMS/MS)Organophos-ethyl, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Dizairon, Diffufenican, Dimethoate, Ethion, Ethoprophos, Fenitrothion, I, Fenstholmion, Fenitrothion, I, Fenstholmion, Fenitrothion, Renderate, Fluopicolde, Phorate, Phosalone, Phosmet, Captan, Carbophenothion, IambdaCyhalothrin, Malaoxon, Malathion, Metribuzin, Mexarbam, Methidathion, Metribuzin, Mexarbam, Methidathion, Metribuzin, Mexarbam, Methidathion, Metribuzin, Parathion-methyl, Permethrin, Pirimiphos-ethyl, Projentamphos, Prothiofos,		Colour Range: (5 - 70) mg/l Pt Visual method	PN-EN ISO 7887:2012 method D
TurbidityPN-Range: (0,20 - 100) NTUNephelometric methodSummary concentration of calcium and magnesiumPN-Total hardness as CaCO3Range: (5,0 - 500) mg/lTitrimetric methodTotal alkalinityPA:PN-Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l+ApBicarbonatesRange: (24,4 - 1220) mg/l HCO3*Titrimetric methodPN-Bromate concentrationPN-IRange: (23 - 20) µg/lPN-IIon chromatography (IC) methodPB-2Acrylamide concentrationPB-4Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/led.High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LCMS/MS)PN-IOrganophosphorus pesticides concentration: Azinphos-ethyl, Chlorpvrifos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Chlorpvrifos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-thyl, Diazinon, Diflufenican, 		Colour Range: (5 – 70) mg/l Pt Spectrophotometric method	PN-EN ISO 7887:2012 method C +Ap1:2015-06
Summary concentration of calcium and magnesiumPN-Total hardness as CaCO3 Range: (5,0 - 500) mg/lPN-Titrimetric methodTotal alkalinityPN-Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/lHARBicarbonatesRange: (24,4 - 1220) mg/l HCO3- Titrimetric methodPN-IBromate concentrationPN-IRange: (3 - 20) µg/lPN-IIon chromatography (IC) methodPN-IAcrylamide concentrationPB-Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/led.High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LCMS/MS)PN-IOrganophosphorus pesticides concentration: Azinphos-ethyl, Bichmin, Delmethrin, Azinphos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Diazinon, Diflufenican, Dimethoate, Ethion, Ethoprophos, Fenitrothion I, Fenyopathrin, Pensulfothion, 		Turbidity Range: (0,20 - 100) NTU Nephelometric method	PN-EN ISO 7027-1:2016-09
Total alkalinityPN- Hange: (0,40 – 20) mmol/lPN- HAFBicarbonatesRange: (24,4 – 1220) mg/l HCO3° Titrimetric methodPN-I Bromate concentrationPN-I PN-I Ion chromatography (IC) methodRange: (3 - 20) µg/lIon chromatography (IC) methodPB-2 		Summary concentration of calcium and magnesium Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> Range: (5,0 - 500) mg/l Titrimetric method	PN-ISO 6059:1999
Bromate concentrationPN-IRange: (3 - 20) µg/lPN-IIon chromatography (IC) methodAcrylamide concentrationAcrylamide concentrationPB-4Range: (0,05 - 5,0) µg/led.High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LCMS/MS)PN-IOrganophosphorus pesticides concentration: Azinphos-ethyl, Chlorfenvinphos, Bromophos-ethyl, Bifenthrin, Azinphos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Chlorpyrifos, Planemethrin, Demeton-S-methyl, Diazinon, Diflufenican, Dimethoate, Ethion, Ethoprophos, Fenitrothion I, Fenpropathrin, Fensulfothion, Fenthion, Fenvalerate, Fluopicolide, Phorate, Phosalone, Phosmet, Captan, Carbophenothion, IambdaCyhalothrin, 		Total alkalinity Range: (0,40 – 20) mmol/l Bicarbonates Range: (24,4 – 1220) mg/l HCO <sub>3</sub> - Titrimetric method	PN-EN ISO 99631:2001 +Ap1:2004
Acrylamide concentrationPB-4Range: (0,05 – 5,0) μg/led.High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LCMS/MS)PN-1Organophosphorus pesticides concentration: Azinphos-ethyl, Chlorfenvinphos, Bromophos-ethyl, Bifenthrin, Azinphos-methyl, Cyfluthrin, Cypermethrin, Deltamethrin, Demeton-S-methyl, Diazinon, Diflufenican, Dimethoate, Ethion, Ethoprophos, Fenitrothion I, Fenpropathrin, Fensulfothion, Fentiton, Fenvalerate, Fluopicolide, Phorate, Phosalone, Phosmet, Captan, Carbophenothion, IambdaCyhalothrin, Malaoxon, Malathion, Metribuzin, Mevinphos, Oxyfluorfen, Parathionethyl, Parathion-methyl, Pirimiphos-methyl, Procymidone, Propetamphos, Prothiofos,		Bromate concentration Range: (3 - 20) μg/l Ion chromatography (IC) method	PN-EN ISO 15061:2003 PN-EN ISO 11206:2013-07
Organophosphorus pesticides concentration: Azinphos-ethyl, Chlorfenvinphos, Bromophos-ethyl, Bifenthrin, Azinphos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Cyfluthrin, Cypermethrin, Deltamethrin, Demeton-S-methyl, Diazinon, Diflufenican, Dimethoate, Ethion, Ethoprophos, Fenitrothion I, Fenpropathrin, Fensulfothion, Fenthion, Fenvalerate, Fluopicolide, Phorate, Phosalone, Phosmet, Captan, Carbophenothion, lambdaCyhalothrin, Malaoxon, Malathion, Mefenpyr-diethyl, Mecarbam, Methidathion, Metribuzin, Mevinphos, Oxyfluorfen, Parathionethyl, Parathion-methyl, Permethrin, Pirimiphos-ethyl, Pirimiphos-methyl, Procymidone, Propetamphos, Prothiofos,		Acrylamide concentration Range: (0,05 – 5,0) μg/l High-performance liquid chromatography method coupled with tandem mass spectrometry (LCMS/MS)	PB-403 ed. I of 25.06.2020
Pyrazophos, Triadimefon, Triadimenol, Triazophos, Trifloxystrobin Range: (0,05–0,5) µg/l Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS) Sum of organophosphorus pesticides		Azinphos-ethyl, Chlorfenvinphos, Bromophos-ethyl, Chlorfenvinphos, Bromophos-ethyl, Bifenthrin, Azinphos-methyl, Chlorpyrifos-ethyl, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Cyfluthrin, Cypermethrin, Deltamethrin, Demeton-S-methyl, Diazinon, Diflufenican, Dimethoate, Ethion, Ethoprophos, Fenitrothion I, Fenpropathrin, Fensulfothion, Fenthion, Fenvalerate, Fluopicolide, Phorate, Phosalone, Phosmet, Captan, Carbophenothion, lambdaCyhalothrin, Malaoxon, Malathion, Mefenpyr-diethyl, Mecarbam, Methidathion, Metribuzin, Mevinphos, Oxyfluorfen, Parathionethyl, Parathion-methyl, Permethrin, Pirimiphos-ethyl, Pirimiphos-methyl, Procymidone, Propetamphos, Prothiofos, Pyrazophos, Triadimefon, Triadimenol, Triazophos, Trifloxystrobin Range: (0,05–0,5) μg/l Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS) Sum of organophosphorus pesticides	PN-EN 12918:2004

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Sewage	Suspended matters suspension Range: (1,0 -100) ml/l Volumetric method	PN-72/C-04559/03
Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 02 02 04, 02 03 05, 03 01 82, 04 02 09, 04 02 21, 10 01 01, 10 12 08, 10 12 13, 17 01 01, 17 01 06*, 17 01 07, 17 01 80, 17 02 03, 17 03 80, 17 05 03*, 17 05 05*, 17 05 06, 17 05 07*,17 05 08, 17 08 02, 17 09 04, 19 01 11*, 19 01 12, 19 08 01, 19 08 02, 19 09 02, 19 12 09	Concentration and content of total organic carbon (TOC) / dissolved organic carbon (DOC) Range: (1,50 – 1000) mg/l (15,0 – 10000) mg/kg Infrared spectrometry method IR	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-EN 1484:1999
Waste <sup>O)</sup> group code: 02 02 04, 02 03 05, 03 01 82, 04 02 09, 04 02 21, 10 01 01, 10 12 08, 10 12 13, 17 01 01, 17 01 06*, 17 01 07, 17 01 80, 17 02 03, 17 03 80, 17 05 03*, 17 05 05*, 17 05 06, 17 05 07*,17 05 08, 17 08 02, 17 09 04, 19 01 11*, 19 01 12, 19 08 01, 19 08 02, 19 09 02, 19 12 09	pH Range: 3,0 – 10,0 Potentiometric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-EN ISO 10523:2012
Waste <sup>O)</sup> group code: 02 02 04, 02 03 05, 03 01 82, 04 02 09, 04 02 21, 10 01 01, 10 12 08, 10 12 13, 17 01 01, 17 01 06*, 17 01 07, 17 01 80, 17 02 03, 17 03 80, 17 05 03*, 17 05 05*, 17 05 06, 17 05 07*,17 05 08, 17 08 02, 17 09 04, 19 01 11*, 19 01 12	General dissolved substances concentration Range: (10,0 – 10000) mg/l Total dissolved solid– TDS content Range: (100 – 100000) mg/kg Gravimetric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-EN 15216:2010
19 08 01, 19 08 02, 19 09 02, 19 12 09	Electrical conductivity Range: (10 – 10000) µS/cm Conductometric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-EN 27888:1999
	Sulphate concentration and content Range: (5,0 – 250) mg/l (50 – 2500) mg/kg Spectrophotometric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PB-128 ed. I of 15.06.2011
	Chloride concentration and content Range: (5,0 – 10000) mg/l (50,0 – 100000) mg/kg Titrimetric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-ISO 9297:1994

<sup>o)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested	Reference document
Aqueous extract from waste prepared in Environmental Analysis Laboratory Małaszewicze DAB-11 And aqueous extract 19 08 01, 19 08 02, 19 08 05, 17 01 82, 17 03 80	Concentration of total organic carbon (TOC) / dissolved organic carbon (DOC) Range: (1,50 – 1000) mg/l Infrared spectrometry method IR Content of total organic carbon (TOC) / dissolved organic carbon (DOC) (calculated)	PN-EN 1484:1999
	pH Range: 3,0 – 10,0 Potentiometric method	PN-EN ISO 10523:2012
	General dissolved substances concentration Range: (10,0 – 10000) mg/l Gravimetric method Total dissolved solid– TDS content (calculated)	PN-EN 15216:2010
	Electrical conductivity Range: (10 – 10000) µS/cm Conductometric method	PN-EN 27888:1999
	Sulphate concentration Range: (5,0 – 250) mg/l Spectrophotometric method Sulphate content (calculated)	PB-128 ed. I of 15.06.2011
	Chloride concentration Range: (5,0 – 10000) mg/l Titrimetric method Chloride content (calculated)	PN-ISO 9297:1994
Sewage sludge <sup>0)</sup> group code: 19 08 05	pH - in H <sub>2</sub> O Range: 3,0 – 10,0 Potentiometric method	PN-EN ISO 10390:2022-09
Mineral soil	Assimilated phosphorus as $P_2O_5$ content Range: (1,0 – 50) mg/100 g Spectrophotometric method	PN-R-04023:1996
Soil, ground	pH - in H <sub>2</sub> O pH - in KCl Range: 3,0 – 10,0 Potentiometric method	PN-EN ISO 10390:2022-09
Soil, ground	Phenols and cresols contentRange:phenol $(0,05 - 100)$ mg/kgo-cresol $(0,05 - 100)$ mg/kgm-cresol $(0,05 - 100)$ mg/kgp-cresol $(0,05 - 100)$ mg/kgsum of cresols $(0,15 - 300)$ mg/kgGas chromatography method withmass spectrometry (GC-MS)	ISO TS 17182:2014

<sup>o)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Soil, ground	Granulometric composition in particle size range $(0,063 - 20)$ mm by fraction Range: $(0,5 - 99,5)$ % Sieve method	PKN-CEN ISO/TS 17892-4:2009 PK-EN ISO 17892-4:2017-01
	Granulometric composition in particle size range (0,002 – 0,063) mm by fraction Range: (0,5 – 99,5) %	PKN-CEN ISO/TS 17892-4:2009 PK-EN ISO 17892-4:2017-01
	Granulometric composition in particle size range (0,0002 - 2,000) mm by fraction range: (0,5 – 99,5) % Laser diffraction method	PN-Z-19012:2020-02
	Filtration factor – water permeable Range: (0,01 d20 < 2 mm) (calculated based on the grading curve - the USBCS formula)	PB-483 ed. II of 23.05.2022
	Filtration factor – water permeable Range: (1,0·10 <sup>-11</sup> – 1,0·10 <sup>-5</sup> ) m/s Hydraulic gradient method	PN-EN ISO 17892-11:2019-05
	Organochlorine pesticides           concentration           Range:           aldrin $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg           dieldrin $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg           endrin $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $\alpha$ -HCH $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $\beta$ -HCH $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $\gamma$ -HCH, lindane $0,001-5,0)$ mg/kg $o,p$ -DDT $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $o,p$ -DDE $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $o,p$ -DDT $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $o,p$ -DDT $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $o,p$ -DDD $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $p,p$ -DDT $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $g,p$ -DDD $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $g,p$ -DDD $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $g,p$ -DDD $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $g,p$ -DDD $(0,002-5,0)$ mg/kg $g,q$ -thomatography method with mass           spectrometry (GC-MS)         The total state st	PN-ISO 10382:2007
	Polychlorinated biphenyls content           Range:           PCB 28         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           PCB 52         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           PCB 101         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           PCB118         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           PCB 138         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           PCB 138         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           PCB 153         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           PCB 180         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           PCB 180         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           PCB 180         (0,02 – 5,0) mg/kg           Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PN-ISO 10382:2007

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Soil, ground Sewage sludge <sup>0)</sup> group code: 19 08 05	Dry mass content / water content Range: (1,0 – 99,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15934:2013-02 method A
Soil, Sewage sludge <sup>0)</sup> group code: 19 08 05 Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 02 02 04, 02 03 05, 03 01 82, 04 02 09, 04 02 21, 10 01 01, 10 12 08, 10 12 13, 17 01 01, 17 01 06*, 17 01 07, 17 01 80, 17 02 03, 17 03 80, 17 05 03*,17 05 05*, 17 05 06, 17 05 07*, 17 05 08, 17 08 02, 17 09 04, 19 01 11*, 19 01 12, 19 08 01, 19 08 02, 19 09 02, 19 12 09	Dry mass content / water content Range: (0,5 – 99,5) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN 12880:2004
Soil, Sewage sludge <sup>0)</sup> group code: 19 08 05	Ammonium nitrogen content Range: (0,05 – 2,00) % Titrimetric method	PB -178 ed. I of 14.08.2012
	Kjeldahl nitrogen content Range: (0,05 – 8,00) % Titrimetric method	PN-EN 13342:2002
Soil, Sewage sludge <sup>0)</sup> group code: 19 08 05 Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 17 05 03*, 17 05 04, 17 05 05*, 17 05 06, 17 05 07*, 17 05 08	Polychlorinated biphenyls content (PCB)           Range:           PCB 28 $(1 - 1000) \mu g/kg$ PCB 52 $(1 - 1000) \mu g/kg$ PCB 101 $(1 - 1000) \mu g/kg$ PCB 118 $(1 - 1000) \mu g/kg$ PCB 138 $(1 - 1000) \mu g/kg$ PCB 138 $(1 - 1000) \mu g/kg$ PCB 153 $(1 - 1000) \mu g/kg$ PCB 180 $(1 - 1000) \mu g/kg$ Gas chromatography method with         mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PB-194/GC ed. II of 09.05.2013
Sewage sludge <sup>0)</sup> group code:19 08 05 Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 17 05 03*, 17 05 04, 17 05 05*, 17 05 06, 17 05 07*, 17 05 08	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons content (PAH)Range: Naphthalene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgAcenaphthylene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgAcenaphthylene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgFluorene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgPhenanthrene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgPhenanthrene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgFluoranthene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgFluoranthene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgPyrene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgBenzo(a)anthracene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgBenzo(a)fluoranthene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgBenzo(a)fluoranthene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgBenzo(a)fluoranthene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgBenzo(a)pyrene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgDibenzo(a,h)anthracene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kgBenzo(ghi)perylene $(0,01 - 100)$ mg/kg	PB-194/GC ed. II of 09.05.2013

<sup>o)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Soil, ground Sewage sludge <sup>o)</sup> group code:19 08 05	Loss on ignition of dry mass (LOI) / Organic compounds Range: (0,5 – 99,5) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15935:2022-01
Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 19 05 02, 19 05 03, 19 06 03, 19 06 04, 19 06 05, 19 06 06, 19 06 99	Loss on ignition of dry mass (LOI) / Organic compounds Range: (0,5 – 99,5) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN 12879:2004
Soil, Sewage sludge <sup>0)</sup> group code:19 08 05 Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 17 05 03*, 17 05 04, 17 05 05*, 17 05 06, 17 05 07*, 17 05 08	Hydrocarbon oil index, including sum of C12-C35 hydrocarbons Range: (30-3000) mg/kg of dry matter Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PN-EN ISO 16703:2011
Sewage sludge <sup>0)</sup> group code:19 08 05 Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 17 05 03*, 17 05 04, 17 05 05*, 17 05 06, 17 05 07*, 17 05 08	Volatile aromatic hydrocarbons content /BTEX/ Range: benzene (0,020–250) mg/kg of dry matter ethylbenzene (0,020-250) mg/kg of dry matter toluene (0,020 – 250) mg/kg of dry matter total xylenes (0,040 – 750) mg/kg of dry matter styrene (0,020 – 250) mg/kg of dry matter Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	PB-190/GC ed. III of 20.10.2014
Plant cultivation aids: - soil improvement agents (soil amendments)	Dry mass content Range: (1,0 – 99,0) % Gravimetric method Water content (calculated) Loss on ignition of dry mass (LOI) / Organic compounds content	PN-EN 15934:2013-02 method A PN-EN 15935:2022-01
	Range: (1,0 – 99,0) % Gravimetric method pH Range: (4,0 – 10,0) Potentiometric method Kjeldahl nitrogen content Range: (0,5 – 8,00) % Titrimetric method	PN-EN 12176:2004 PN-EN 13342:2002

<sup>0)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1), 2), 3), 4)</sup>		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Water, drinking water, sewage	Concentration of halogenated organic compounds <sup>1), 2)</sup> Purge&Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS)	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup> In-house test procedures <sup>3)</sup>
	Anions concentration <sup>1), 2)</sup> lon chromatography (IC) method Sum (calculated)	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
Water, drinking water	Cations concentration <sup>1), 2)</sup> lon chromatography (IC) method Sum (calculated)	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
Soil, ground	Content:- volatile aromatic hydrocarbons (BTEX) $^{1), 2)}$ - aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons $C_6-C_{12} ^{2)}$ - chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons $^{2)}$ Headspace gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (HS-GC-MS)	Standardized methods <sup>4)</sup>
	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons content (WWA) <sup>1), 2)</sup> Gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry (GC-MS)	

<sup>O)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

- 1) Adding the examined feature within the subject / groups of subjects and methods (research techniques).
- 2) Changing in the measuring range of the test method.
- 3) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in-house test procedures.
- 4) Applying updated and implemented new methods described in the standardized methods.

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document	
Testing carried out for the purposes of the regulated area: -Regulation of the Minister of Economy of 16 July 2015 on the acceptance of waste at landfills (Journal of Laws of 2015, item 1277) -Regulation of the Minister of Environment of 11 May 2015 on waste recovery outside installations and devices (Journal of Laws of 2015, item 796)			
<ul> <li>Waste <sup>DAB-11</sup>:</li> <li>Mineral deposits and waste (I);</li> <li>Construction waste (III);</li> <li>Slag, ash and furnace dust (XI)</li> </ul>	Hydrocarbons content: Range: C10 – C40 (30 – 3000) mg/kg C12 – C35 (20 – 2000) mg/kg Gas chromatography method with flame ionization detection (GC-FID)	PN-EN 14039:2008	
	Aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons content $C_6$ - $C_{12}$ (petroleum hydrocarbons) Range: (1,0 – 1000) mg/kg Headspace gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (HS-GC-MS)	PN-EN ISO 22155:2016-07	
	Volatile aromatic hydrocarbons content /BTEX/ Range: benzene (0,10 – 20) mg/kg ethylbenzene (0,10 – 20) mg/kg toluene (0,10 – 20) mg/kg o-xylene (0,10 – 20) mg/kg o-xylene (0,10 – 20) mk/kg Total xylenes m,p- xylene (0,20 – 40) mg/kg Headspace gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (HS-GC-MS) Total xylenes (calculated) Sum of BTEX (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 22155:2016-07	

DAB-11) Waste codes according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue for the validation group are given in Annex No. 1 to DAB-11.

Wersja strony: A

Environmental Analysis Laboratory Małaszewicze Kolejarzy 6, 21-540 Małaszewicze			
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document	
Sewage sludge	Dry mass content / water content Range: (1,0 – 99,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15934:2013-02 method A	
	Loss on ignition of dry mass (LOI) / Organic compounds content Range: (1,0 – 99,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15935:2022-01	
Soil	Dry mass content / water content Range: (1,0 – 99,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-ISO 11465:1999	
	Loss on ignition of dry mass (LOI) / Organic compounds content Range: (1,0 – 99,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15935:2022-01	
	Total organic carbon (TOC) content Range: $(0,50 - 60)$ % High-temperature combustion method with IR detection	PN-EN 10694:2002	
Solid fuels: recovered fuel – alternative fuel Solid recovered fuel (SRF)	Moisture content in the analytical sample Range: (0,5 – 15,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 21660-3:2021-08	
	Total moisture content Range: (1,0 – 80,0) % Gravimetric method	CEN/TS 15414-1:2014	
	Ash content Range: (1,0 – 40,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 21656:2021-08 method A	
	Sulphur content Range: (0,10 – 2,00) % High temperaturę combustion method with IR detection	PN-EN ISO 21663:2021-06	
	Carbon content Range: (20,0 – 80,0) % High temperature combustion method with IR detection	PN-EN ISO 21663:2021-06	
	Gross calorific value Range: (7000 – 40000) kJ/kg Calorimetric method Net calorific value (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 21654:2021-12	
	Chlorine content Range: (0,10 – 2,00) % Titration method	PN-EN 15408:2011 PN-ISO 9297:1994	
Solid fuels: solid biomass – solid biofuels	Moisture content in analytical sample Range: (0,50 – 20,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 18134-3:2015-11	
	Total moisture content Range: (1,0 – 80,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 18134-2:2017-03	
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document	
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Solid fuels: solid biomass – solid biofuels	Ash content Range: (0,5 – 45,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 18122:2016-01	
	Sulphur content Range: (0,02 – 0,50) % High-temperature combustion method with IR detection	PN-EN ISO 16994:2016-10 p. 4.4	
	Carbon content Range: (20,0 – 60,0) % High-temperature combustion method with IR detection	PN-EN ISO 16948:2015-07	
	Gross calorific value Range: (5000 – 25000) kJ/kg Calorimetric method Net calorific value (calculated)	PN-EN ISO 18125:2017-07	

Flexible scope of accreditation <sup>1, 2)</sup>

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Waste <sup>1) 0)</sup> group code: 03 03, 10 01, 10 12, 17 05, 17 06, 17 09, 19 01, 19 05, 19 06, 19 08, 19 09, 19 12, 20 01, 20 02, 20 03	Loss on ignition of dry mass (LOI) / Organic compounds content Range: (1,0 – 99,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15935 <sup>2)</sup>
	Gross calorific value Range: (4000 - 30000) kJ/kg Calorimetric method	PN-EN 21654 <sup>2)</sup>
Waste <sup>1) 0)</sup> group code: 03 03, 10 01, 10 12, 17 05, 17 06, 17 09, 19 01, 19 05, 19 06, 19 08, 19 09, 19 12, 20 01, 20 02, 20 03	Total organic carbon (TOC) content Range: (0,50 – 60) % High-temperature combustion method with IR detection	PN-EN 15936 <sup>2)</sup>
Sewage sludge		

<sup>0)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

Within the flexible scope of accreditation, it is allowed:

- Adding the subject of research within the group of subjects.
   Applying updated methods described in the standardized methods

The current "List of testing carried out in the framework of flexible scope" is made available to the public by the accredited body.

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Testing carried out for the purposes of t	he regulated area:	
- Regulation of the Minister of Economy item 1277)	of 16 July 2015 on the acceptance of v	waste at landfills (Journal of Laws 2015,
Waste <sup>O)</sup> group code: 17 03 80	Sulphate concentration and content Range: (10 – 5000) mg/l (100 – 50000) mg/kg Gravimetric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-ISO 9280:2002
-Sediments and mineral wastes (I); -Construction waste (III); -Waste from waste treatment (VI); - Sediments from industrial processes (VII); -Sewage sludge (IX);	Fluoride concentration and content Range: (0,10 – 10) mg/l (1,0 – 100) mg/kg Potentiometric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-78/C-04588/03
-Slags, ashes and furnace dust (XI); -Plastics (XXV); -Wood (XXVI):	Chloride concentration and content Range: (5 – 10000) mg/l (50 – 100000) mg/kg Titrimetric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-ISO 9297:1994
-Leather and textiles (XXVII); -Other municipal waste, including mixed waste (XXVIII) - Other municipal waste and waste derived from municipal waste, including mixed waste, and other	General dissolved substances concentration Range: (100 – 10000) mg/l Total dissolved solid – TDS Range: (1000 – 100000) mg/kg Gravimetric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-EN 15216:2022-03
waste from sewage treatment and water treatment (XXVIII)	Electrical conductivity Range: (10 – 10000) µS/cm Conductometric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-EN 27888:1999
	pH Range: 3,0 – 12,0 Potentiometric method	PN-EN 12457-4:2006 PN-EN ISO 10523:2012
	Dry residue/water content Range: (1,0 – 99,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN 15934:2013-02 method A

<sup>o)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

DAB-11) Waste codes according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue for the validation group are given in Annex No. 1 to DAB-11.

Subject of testing/product         Type of activity/tested         Reference document           Water Drinking water Sewage         pH         Ph         Ph <en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">           Ph-En ISO 10523:2012         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">           Participation         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">           Participation         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">           Participation         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">           Severage         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">           Participation         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">         Ph<en 10523:2012<="" iso="" td="">           Natarias concentration         Ph<en 2021="" based<="" iso="" td="">         on HACH 8039 method           Nitrites concentration         PB 451 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based         on HACH 8507 method           Spectrophotometric method         Spectrophotometric method         Ph           Spectrophotometric method         PH-EN ISO 2021 based         on HACH 8507 method           Spectrophotometric method         Ph-EN ISO 2021 based         on HACH 8507 method           Spectrophotometric method         Ph-ISO 2021 based         on HACH 8507 method           Spectrophotometric method         Ph-EN ISO 2021 based         on HACH 8507 method           Spectrophotometric method</en></en></en></en></en></en></en></en></en></en></en></en></en></en>	Environmental Analysis Laboratory Zgierz ul. Aleksandrowska 61A, 95-100 Zgierz		
Water Drinking water         pH Range: 2.0 – 10.0         PN-EN ISO 10523.2012           Sewage         Potentiometric method         PN-EN ISO 10523.2012           Potentiometric method         PN-EN 27888:1999           Range: (10 – 3000) µS/cm Conductometric method         PB-433 ad. 1 of. 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8039 method           Nitrates concentration Range: (0.050 – 1.35) mg/l Spectrophotometric method         PB-432 ad. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8037 method           Nitrites concentration Range: (0.050 – 1.00) mg/l Spectrophotometric method         PB-461 ad. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8507 method           Suphrate (VI) concentration Range: (2.050 – 1.00 mg/l Spectrophotometric method         PB-461 ad. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8507 method           Fluoridic concentration Range: (2.000 mg/l Spectrophotometric method         PB-463 ad. II of 23.07.2021 (calculated)           Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)         PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004 Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)           Choride concentration (calculated)         PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004 Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)           Notation region         (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochicromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochicromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochicromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochicromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l tritraticroenthane (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochicromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l tritratic (0.0 – 1.12.5) µg/l bromochicromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochicromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochicromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochicromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l tritraticroenthane (0.5 – 100) µ	Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested	Reference document
Training water Sewage     Particle conductivity Parage: (10 – 3000) (JS/cm Conductometric method     PN-EN 27888:1999       Particle conductivity Parage: (10 – 3000) (JS/cm Conductometric method     PP-433 ed. 1 of: 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8039 method       Nitrate nitrogen concentration Range: (0.060 – 1.35) mg/l Spectrophotometric method     PB-432 ed. 1 of: 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8039 method       Nitrate nitrogen concentration Range: (0.062 – 0.300) mg/l Spectrophotometric method     PB-461 ed. 1 of: 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8057 method       Sulphate (VI) concentration Range: (2 – 300 mg/l Spectrophotometric method     PB-432 ed. 1 of: 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 method       Sulphate (VI) concentration Range: (2, 0.10 – 10) mg/l Potentiometric method     PB-432 ed. 1 of: 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 method       Fluoride concentration Range: (2, 0.10 – 10) mg/l Potentiometric method     PN-78/C-04588/03       Total alkalinity (adculated)     PN-78/C-04588/03       Total alkalinity (adculated)     PN-78/C-04588/03       Total alkalinity (adculated)     PN-78/C-04588/03       Voiatile organic compounds concentration (adculated)     PN-78/C-04588/03       Voiatile organic compounds concentration (adculated)     PN-FN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Voiatile organic compounds concentration (adculated)     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Voiatile organic compounds concentration (adculated)     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Voiatile organic compounds concentration (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochloromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l dibromochloromethane (1.0 – 200) µg/l etrablo	Water	pH	PN-EN ISO 10523:2012
Sewage         Potentiometric method           Electrical conductivity         PN-EN 27888:1999           Ange: (10 - 3000) µS/cm         Conductometric method           Nitrates concentration         PB-433 ed. 1 of. 01.06.2021 based           Name: (0.33 - 60) mg/l         On HACH 8039 method           Spectrophotometric method         PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based           Nitrates concentration         Range: (0.060 - 1.00) mg/l           Nitrites concentration         NHACH 8507 method           Nitrites concentration         PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based           Nitrite introgen concentration         PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based           Suphrate (VI) concentration         PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based           Range: (2 - 300) mg/l         Spectrophotometric method           Fluoride concentration         PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based           Range: (2 - 300) mg/l         PN-78/C-04588/03           Potentiometric method         PN-78/C-04588/03           Fluoride concentration         PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021           Total alkalinity         PN-80 09297:1994           Total alkalinity         PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004           Bioarbonate concentration         (calculated)           Chloride concentration         (1.0 - 200) µg/l           Timmetric method	Drinking water	Range: 2,0 – 10,0	
Electrical conductivity     PN-EN 27888:1999       Range: (10 – 3000 Js/Scm     Conductometric method       Nitrates concentration     PB-433 ed. 1 of. 01.06.2021 based       Name: (0.36 = 60) mg/l     on HACH 8039 method       Nitrate nitrogen concentration     PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Name: (0.050 - 1.00) mg/l     PB-451 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Nitrate nitrogen concentration     PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Name: (0.050 - 1.00) mg/l     PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Spectrophotometric method     PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Supptate (VI) concentration     PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Range: (0.02 - 0.300) mg/l     PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Spectrophotometric method     PD-4501 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Fluoride concentration     PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Range: (0.10 - 10) mg/l     PM-EN 4505 method       Fluoride concentration     PN-78/C-04588/03       Range: (0.10 - 10) mg/l     PN-78/C-04588/03       Total alkalinity     PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Range: (0.10 - 200) mg/l     PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Trimetric method     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Chloride concentration     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Chloride concentration     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Chloride concentration     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008	Sewage	Potentiometric method	
Range: (10 - 3000) µS/cm     Conductometric method     PB-433 ed. 1 of. 01.06.2021 based       Nitrates concentration     PB-433 ed. 1 of. 01.06.2021 based     on HACH 8039 method       Nitrate nitrogen concentration     PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Nitrites concentration     PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Nitrites concentration     PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Nitrites concentration     PB-452 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Nitrites concentration     PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Suphate (VI) concentration     PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Spectrophotometric method     Spectrophotometric method       Spectrophotometric method     PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Spectrophotometric method     PB-453 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Spectrophotometric method     PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021       Fluoride concentration     PN-78/C-04588/03       Range: (0,10 - 10) mg/l     PN-78/C-04588/03       Total alkalinity     PN-81 ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l     PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Chloride concentration     (calculated)       Chloride concentration     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       concentration     (1.0 - 200) µg/l       trimetric method     (1.0 - 200) µg/l       Volatile organic compounds     (0.1 - 12.5) µg/l       concentration     (1.0 - 20	-	Electrical conductivity	PN-EN 27888:1999
Conductometric methodPB-433 ed. 1 of. 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8039 methodNitrates concentration Range: (0.068 = 13.5) mg/lPB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8039 methodNitrites concentration Range: (0.050 = 1.00) mg/lPB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8057 methodNitrites concentration Range: (0.050 = 0.00) mg/lPB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8057 methodSulphate (VI) concentration Range: (2 = 300) mg/lPB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 methodSulphate (VI) concentration Range: (2, 0.00) mg/lPB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 methodFluoride concentration Range: (0, 10 - 10) mg/lPN-78/C-04588/03Total alkalinity Range: (0, 40 - 10) mg/lPN-78/C-04588/03Total alkalinity Range: (0, 40 - 20) mmol/lPN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Titimetric method Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Chloride concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Range: chloroform (1,0 - 200) µg/lPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroform(1,0 - 200) µg/lViatile organic compounds concentrationPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Normodin titractioromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/lPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Normodin titractionomethane (1,0 - 200) µg/lPN-EN ISO 15680:2008No		Range: (10 – 3000) μS/cm	
Nitrates concentration Range: (0,3 = 0.0) mg/l Nitrate nitrogen concentration Range: (0,068 = 13,5) mg/l Spectrophotometric methodPB-433 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8039 methodNitrate nitrogen concentration Range: (0,050 = 0,00) mg/l Spectrophotometric methodPB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8057 methodSuphrate (W) concentration Range: (0,20 = 0,300) mg/lPB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8057 methodSuphrate (W) concentration Range: (0,20 = 0,300) mg/lPB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8057 methodFluoride concentration Range: (2 = 300) mg/lPB-433 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 methodFluoride concentration (calculated)PN-78/C-04588/03Range: (2, -000) mg/lPN-78/C-04588/03Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)PN-78/C-04588/03Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l Titimetric methodPN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l Titimetric compounds concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 15680:2008Chioride concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration tetrachioromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachioromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachioromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachioromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachioromethane (0,5 - 200) µg/l tetrachiorometh		Conductometric method	
Hange: (0,3 - 60) mg/l     Of FACH 8039 inelified       Nitrate nitrogen concentration     Range: (0,068 - 13,5) mg/l       Spectrophotometric method     PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Nitrite nitrogen concentration     PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Range: (0,02 - 0,300) mg/l     Spectrophotometric method       Sulphate (VI) concentration     PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Range: (0, 200 - 0,300) mg/l     on HACH 8051 method       Sulphate (VI) concentration     PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based       Range: (0, 10, -10) mg/l     PN-78/C-04588/03       Potentiometric method     Potentiometric method       Potentiometric method     PN-78/C-04588/03       Total alkalinity     PN-78/C-04588/03       Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l     Titrimetric method       Bicarbonate concentration     PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021       (calculated)     PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l     Titrimetric method       Bicarbonate concentration     PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Range: (1,0 - 10000) mg/l     PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Volatile organic compounds     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       concentration     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Chloride concentration     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       reachiorom     (1,0 - 200) µg/l       titrichloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l		Nitrates concentration	PB-433 ed. I of. 01.06.2021 based
Nind et middgen und gen Range: (0,066 = 13,6) mg/l Spectrophotometric method       PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8507 method         Nitrite sconcentration Range: (0,02 = 0,300) mg/l Spectrophotometric method       PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 method         Sulphate (VI) concentration Range: (2 = 300) mg/l Spectrophotometric method       PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 method         Fluoride concentration Range: (2 = 300) mg/l Spectrophotometric method       PN-78/C-04588/03         Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)       PN-78/C-04588/03         Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)       PN-150 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Total alkalinity Chloride concentration (calculated)       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Total alkalinity Chloride concentration (calculated)       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Violatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroform       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Violatile organic compounds concentration       PN-EN ISO 15680:2008         Violatile organic compounds concentration       PN-EN ISO 15680:2008         Violatile organic compounds concentration       PN-EN ISO 15680:2008         Range: (0,0 - 1000) µg/l bromodichloromethane (1.0 - 200) µg/l trichlorobylene (0.5 - 100) µg/l trichlorobylene (0.5 - 100) µg/l trichlorobylene (0.5 - 200) µg/l oxylene (0.5 - 200) µg/l oxylene (0.5 - 200) µg/l trichlorobylene (0.5 - 200) µg		Range: (0,3 – 60) mg/l	on HACH 8039 method
Spectrophotometric method       PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based         Nitrites concentration       Range: (0,020 - 1,00) mg/l         Nitrite nitrogen concentration       Range: (0, 20 - 3,00) mg/l         Spectrophotometric method       PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based         Sulphate (VI) concentration       PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based         Range: (0, 20 - 0, 300) mg/l       On HACH 8051 method         Fluoride concentration       PN-78/C-04588/03         Range: (0, 10 - 10) mg/l       PN-78/C-04588/03         Potentiometric method       PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021         Total nitrogen concentration       PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021         (calculated)       PN-78/C-04588/03         Tritimetric method       Bicarbonate concentration         (Calculated)       PN-8/D - 200 mg/l         Tritimetric method       Bicarbonate concentration         (Calculated)       PN-18/O 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Volatile organic compounds concentration       PN-18/O 9297:1994         Range: (5,00 - 100000) mg/l       PN-18/O 15680:2008         concentration       Range: (1,0 - 200) µg/l         tetrachoride)       (0,5 - 25) µg/l         tetrachoride)       (0,5 - 25) µg/l         tetrachoride)       (0,5 - 200) µg/l         tetrachoride)       (0,5		Bange: $(0.068 - 13.5)$ mg/l	
Nitrites concentration     PB-461 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8507 method       Nitrite introgen concentration     Range: (0.02 – 0.300) mg/l       Spectrophotometric method     Sulphate (VI) concentration       Range: (2 – 300) mg/l     PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 method       Spectrophotometric method     PI-78/C-04588/03       Fluoride concentration     PN-78/C-04588/03       Range: (2 – 300) mg/l     PN-78/C-04588/03       Potentiometric method     PN-78/C-04588/03       Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)     PN-1SO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Range: (0.40 – 20) mm/l     Tritimetric method       Titrimetric method     PN-ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Range: (6,00 – 10000) mg/l		Spectrophotometric method	
Range:(0,050 - 1,00) mg/l Nitrie nitrogen concentration Range:on HACH 8507 methodSpectrophotometric methodPB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 methodSubphate (VI) concentration Range:PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 methodFluoride concentration Range:PN-78/C-04588/03Range:(0,10 - 10) mg/lPotentiometric methodPN-78/C-04588/03Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)PN-78/C-04588/03Total alkalinity Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Total alkalinity Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Chloride concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Range:(f.0 - 200) µg/lVolatile organic compounds concentration thranchioromethanePN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration tetrachlorodePN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration tetrachloromethanePN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration tetrachloromethanePN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration tetrachloromethanePN-EN ISO 15680:2008Neme tetrachloromethane(1,0 - 200) µg/lbromoform tetrachloromethane(1,0 - 200) µg/lhordored tetrachlorody(1,0 - 200) µg/lvinyl chloride tetrachlorody(1,0 - 200) µg/lvinyl chloride tetrachlorody(1,0 - 200) µg/lvinyl chloride tetrachlorody(1,0 - 200) µg/lvinyl chloride tetrachlorody<		Nitrites concentration	PB-461 ed. I of 01.06.2021 based
Nitri entrogen concentration Range: (0,02 – 0,300) mg/l Spectrophotometric method       PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 method         Sulphate (VI) concentration Range: (2 – 300) mg/l       PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 method         Fluoride concentration Range: (0,10 – 10) mg/l       PN-78/C-04588/03         Potentiometric method       PN-78/C-04588/03         Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)       PN-78/C-04588/03         Total alkalinity Range: (0,40 – 20) mmol/l Titrimetric method       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Range: (0,00 – 10000) mg/l Titrimetric method       PN-ISO 9297:1994         Range: (0,00 – 10000) mg/l Titrimetric method       PN-ISO 9297:1994         Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroform (1,0 – 200) µg/l bromodichloromethane (1,0 – 200) µg/l tetrachloromethane (0,5 – 25) µg/l 1,2-dichloroethalene (0,5 – 25) µg/l 1,2-dichloroethalene (0,5 – 100) µg/l tetrachloroethylene (1,0 – 200) µg/l tetrachloroethylene (0,5 – 100) µg/l toluene (0,5 – 100) µg/l entrybenzene (0,5 – 100) µg/l entrybenzene (0,5 – 100) µg/l entrybenzene (0,5 – 200) µg/l entrybenzene (0,5 – 200) µg/l Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS)         Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)       Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		Range: (0,050 – 1,00) mg/l	on HACH 8507 method
Range: Spectrophotometric methodPB-432 ed.1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 methodSulphate (VI) concentration Range: (2 - 300) mg/l Spectrophotometric methodPB-432 ed.1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 methodFluoride concentration Range: (0,10 - 10) mg/l Potentiometric methodPN-78/C-04588/03Total alkalinity Range: (0,40 - 20) mm0/l Titrimetric methodPB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021 (calculated)Total alkalinity Range: (0,40 - 20) mm0/l Titrimetric methodPN-T8/C-04588/03Total alkalinity Range: (0,40 - 20) mm0/l Titrimetric methodPN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Chioride concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Chioride concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Volatile organic compounds concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration tetrachloromethane (1.0 - 200) µg/l dibromochloromethane (1.0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloromethane (0.5 - 100) µg/l tetrachloromethane (0.5 - 100) µg/l tetrachlorodethylene tetrachloroder (0.5 - 200) µg/l touene (m + p)-xylene (0.5 - 200) µg/l touene tetrachloroder (0.5 - 200) µg/l touene to xylene to xyleneVinylene calculated)Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		Nitrite nitrogen concentration	
Spectrophotometric methodPB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based on HACH 8051 methodSulphate (V) concentration Range: (2 - 300) mg/l Spectrophotometric methodPN-78/C-04588/03Fluoride concentration (calculated)PN-78/C-04588/03Potentiometric methodPN-78/C-04588/03Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)PN-78/C-04588/03Total atkalinity Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)PN-78/C-04588/03Choride concentration (calculated)PN-FN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Total atkalinity Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Choride concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic conformediane (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Volatile organic compounds (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004 <th></th> <th>Range: (0,02 – 0,300) mg/l</th> <th></th>		Range: (0,02 – 0,300) mg/l	
Sulphate (VI) concentration       PB-432 ed. 1 of 01.06.2021 based         Range: (2 = 300) mg/l       on HACH 8051 method         Fluoride concentration       PN-78/C-04588/03         Range: (0,10 – 10) mg/l       PN-78/C-04588/03         Potentiometric method       PN-78/C-04588/03         Total nitrogen concentration       PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021         (calculated)       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Total alkalinity       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Range: (0,040 – 20) mmol/l       Titrimetric method         Bicarbonate concentration       (calculated)         Chloride concentration       PN-EN ISO 9297:1994         Range: (5,00 – 10000) mg/l       Titrimetric method         Volatile organic compounds       PN-EN ISO 15680:2008         concentration       Range: (1,0 – 200) µg/l         bromodichloromethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         dibromochloromethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         tetrachloride       (0,5 – 25) µg/l         1,2-dichloroethylene       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         tetrachloride       (0,5 – 100) µg/l         tetrachloroethylene       (0,0 – 200) µg/l         tetrachloride       (0,5 – 100) µg/l         tetrachloroethylene       (0,0 – 200) µg/l         tetrachloroethylene		Spectrophotometric method	
Hange: [2 - 300) mg/l     On HACH 8051 method       Spectrophotometric method     PN-78/C-04588/03       Parage: (0,10 - 10) mg/l     PN-78/C-04588/03       Potentiometric method     PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021       Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)     PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Totar alkalinity     PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004       Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)     PN-ISO 9297:1994       Chioride concentration (calculated)     PN-ISO 9297:1994       Volatile organic compounds concentration     PN-ISO 9297:1994       Range: (5,00 - 10000) mg/l     Titrimetind       Violatile organic compounds concentration     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Chioride concentration (1,0 - 200) µg/l     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Volatile organic compounds concentration     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Chioride concentration (1,0 - 200) µg/l     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Volatile organic compounds concentration     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Chioride (1,0 - 200) µg/l     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Violatile organic compounds     (0,0 - 200) µg/l       I bromodichoromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       Chioride (0,1 - 12,5) µg/l     1,2 -chioroethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l       I trachloroethylene (1,0 - 200) µg/l     1,2 -chioroethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l       I tetrachloroethylene (0,5 - 100) µg/l     PN-EN ISO 15680:2008       I tetrach		Sulphate (VI) concentration	PB-432 ed. I of 01.06.2021 based
Spectroprotoinetric method       PN-78/C-04588/03         Fluoride concentration       PN-78/C-04588/03         Range: (0,10 – 10) mg/l       Potentiometric method         Total nitrogen concentration       PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021         (calculated)       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Total alkalinity       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Bicarbonate concentration       (calculated)         Chloride concentration       PN-ISO 9297:1994         Range: (5,00 – 1000) mg/l       Titrimetric method         Volatile organic compounds       PN-EN ISO 15680:2008         concentration       Range:         chloroform       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         bromodichloromethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         bromodichloromethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         bromodichloromethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         tetrachloromethane (1,0 – 200) µg/l       tetrachloromethane         tetrachloromethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         tetrachloromethane       (0,5 – 100) µg/l </th <th></th> <th>Range: <math>(2 - 300)</math> mg/l</th> <th>on HACH 8051 method</th>		Range: $(2 - 300)$ mg/l	on HACH 8051 method
Range:       (1,0 - 10) mg/l         Potentiometric method       PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021         Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Total alkalinity       PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004         Range:       (0,40 - 20) mmol/l         Titrimetric method       Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)         Chloride concentration       PN-EN ISO 9297:1994         Range:       (5,00 - 10000) mg/l         Titrimetric method       PN-EN ISO 15680:2008         Volatile organic compounds concentration       PN-EN ISO 15680:2008         Range:       (1,0 - 200) µg/l         chloroform       (1,0 - 200) µg/l         bromodichloromethane       (1,0 - 200) µg/l         bromodichloromethane       (1,0 - 200) µg/l         bromodorm       (1,0 - 200) µg/l         trichloride       (0,5 - 25) µg/l         1,2-dichloroethane       (0,1 - 12,5) µg/l         trichloride       (0,5 - 100) µg/l         hexachlorobulgiene       (0,5 - 200) µg/l         hexachlorobulgiene       (0,5 - 200) µg/l         (m + p)-xylene		Spectrophotometric method	DN 78/C 04588/02
Potentiometric method Total nitrogen concentration (calculated) Total alkalinity Range: (0,40 – 20) mmol/l Titrimetric method Bicarbonate concentration (calculated) Chloride concentration (calculated) Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroform (1,0 – 200) µg/l bromodichloromethane (1,0 – 200) µg/l bromodichloromethane (0,1 – 1,25) µg/l benzene (0,5 – 100) µg/l benzene (0,5 – 100) µg/l benzene (0,5 – 100) µg/l benzene (0,5 – 100) µg/l benzene (0,5 – 200) µg/l benzene (1,0 – 200) µg/l ben		Bange: $(0.10 - 10)$ mg/l	FIN-76/C-04366/03
Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021Total nitrogen concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l Titrimetric methodPN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Chloride concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Range: (5,00 - 10000) mg/l Titrimetric methodPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: (chloroform (1,0 - 200) µg/l bromoform (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloroethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloroethylene (1,0 - 200) µg/l trichloroethylene (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloroethylene (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloroethylene (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloroethylene (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloroethylene (0,1 - 12,5) µg/l benzene (0,5 - 100) µg/l toluene (0,5 - 100) µg/l toluene (0,5 - 100) µg/l toluene (0,5 - 100) µg/l toluene (0,5 - 200) µg/l Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		Potentiometric method	
(calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Range: (0,40 – 20) mmol/l Titrimetric method Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Chloride concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Range: (5,00 – 10000) mg/l Titrimetric methodPN-ISO 9297:1994Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroform (1,0 – 200) µg/l bromodichloromethane (1,0 – 200) µg/l bromodichloromethane (1,0 – 200) µg/l tetrachloromethane (0,5 – 100) µg/l tetrachlorothylene (1,0 – 200) µg/l tetrachlorothylene (0,1 – 12,5) µg/l vinyl chloride (0,1 – 12,5) µg/l vinyl chloride (0,1 – 12,5) µg/l vinyl chloride (0,5 – 100) µg/l tetrachlorothylene (0,5 – 200) µg/l detrochloromethane (0,5 – 100) µg/l toluene (0,5 – 100) µg/l ethylbenzene (1,0 – 200) µg/l ethylbenzene (0,5 – 200) µg/l o xylene (0,5 – 200) µg/l ethylbenzene (0,5 – 200) µg/l Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		Total nitrogen concentration	PB-463 ed. II of 23.07.2021
Total alkalinity Range: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l Titrimetric method Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004Chloride concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Titrimetric methodPN-ISO 9297:1994Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroform (1,0 - 200) µg/l bromodichloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l bromodichloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachlorotethylene (0,5 - 100) µg/l tetrachlorotethylene (0,5 - 100) µg/l toluene (0,5 - 100) µg/l toluene (0,5 - 200) µg/l o xylene (0,5 - 200) µg/l o xylene (0,5 - 200) µg/l o xylene (0,5 - 200) µg/l Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		(calculated)	
Fange: (0,40 - 20) mmol/l Titrimetric method Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Chloride concentration Range: (5,00 - 10000) mg/l Titrimetric methodPN-ISO 9297:1994Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Chloride concentration Range: chloroform(1,0 - 200) µg/lbromodichloromethane tetrachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/lPN-EN ISO 15680:2008concentration Range: chloroform(1,0 - 200) µg/lbromodichloromethane tetrachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/lPN-EN ISO 15680:2008tetrachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/lIterachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/ltetrachloromethane tetrachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/lIterachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/ltetrachloromethylene vinyl chloride(0,5 - 25) µg/lvinyl chloride (0,5 - 100) µg/lIterachloromethylene (0,5 - 100) µg/ltoluene (0,5 - 100) µg/lIterachloromethylene (0,5 - 200) µg/l(m + p)-xylene (0,5 - 200) µg/l (m + p)-xylene (0,5 - 200) µg/lvinyl chloride etection (P&T-GC-MS)Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		Total alkalinity	PN-EN ISO 9963-1:2001+Ap1:2004
Himmetric method         Bicarbonate concentration (calculated)       PN-ISO 9297:1994         Chloride concentration       Range: (5,00 – 10000) mg/l         Titrimetric method       PN-EN ISO 15680:2008         Volatile organic compounds concentration       PN-EN ISO 15680:2008         Range: chloroform       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         bromodichloromethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         bromochloromethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         bromochloromethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         tetrachloride       (0,5 – 25) µg/l         1,2-dichloroethane       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         tetrachlorothylene       (1,0 – 200) µg/l         totluene       (0,5 – 100) µg/l         totluene       (0,5 – 200) µg/l         (m + p)-xylene       (0,5 – 200) µg/l         (m + p)-xylene       (0,5 – 200) µg/l         varylene       (0,5 – 200) µg/l         Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS)         Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)       Sum of volatile organic compounds		Range: (0,40 – 20) mmol/l	
Initial Contract Contraction (calculated)PN-ISO 9297:1994Range: (chloride concentration Range: chloroformPN-ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l bromoformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Volatile organic compounds concentration (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l tetrachlorobutadiene 		Ricarbonate concentration	
Chloride concentration Range: (5,00 – 10000) mg/l Titrimetric methodPN-ISO 9297:1994Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Choroform(1,0 – 200) µg/l bromodichloromethanePN-EN ISO 15680:2008dibromochloromethane(1,0 – 200) µg/l dibromochloromethanePN-EN ISO 15680:2008tetrachoride)(0,0 – 200) µg/l dibromochloromethane(1,0 – 200) µg/l dibromochloromethanetetrachoride)(0,5 – 25) µg/l 1,2-dichloroethane(1,0 – 200) µg/l dibromochloromethanetetrachoride)(0,1 – 12,5) µg/l vinyl chloride(0,1 – 12,5) µg/l dibromochludevinyl chloride(0,1 – 12,5) µg/l vinyl chloride(0,5 – 100) µg/l dibromochludetetrachoride(0,5 – 100) µg/l dibromethane(0,5 – 200) µg/l dibromochludevinyl chloride(0,5 – 200) µg/l denzene(0,5 – 200) µg/l dibromochludetoluene(0,5 – 100) µg/l dibromochlude(0,5 – 200) µg/l dibromochludevinyl chloride(0,5 – 200) µg/l dibromochludePN-EN ISO 15680:2008Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		(calculated)	
Range: $(5,00 - 10000) mg/l$ Titrimetric methodVolatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Choroform $(1,0 - 200) \mug/l$ bromodichloromethane $(1,0 - 200) \mug/l$ dibromochloromethane $(1,0 - 200) \mug/l$ tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachloroethane tetrachloroethane $(0,5 - 25) \mug/l$ $1,2$ -dichloroethane $(1,0 - 200) \mug/l$ tetrachloroethylene $(1,0 - 200) \mug/l$ tetrachlorobutadiene $(0,1 - 12,5) \mug/l$ vinyl chloride $(0,1 - 12,5) \mug/l$ benzene $(0,5 - 100) \mug/l$ toluene $(0,5 - 100) \mug/l$ toluene $(0,5 - 200) \mug/l$ ethylbenzene $(0,5 - 200) \mug/l$ Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		Chloride concentration	PN-ISO 9297:1994
Titrimetric methodVolatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Choroform(1,0 - 200) µg/l bromodichloromethanePN-EN ISO 15680:2008bromodichloromethane(1,0 - 200) µg/l bromoformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008bromodichloromethane(1,0 - 200) µg/l bromoformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008bromodichloromethane(1,0 - 200) µg/l bromoformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008tetrachloroform(1,0 - 200) µg/l bromoformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008tetrachloromethane(1,0 - 200) µg/l bromoformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008tetrachloroethylene(0,5 - 200) µg/l bromoformPN-EN ISO 2000 µg/l bromoformvirgitPurge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry de		Range: (5,00 – 10000) mg/l	
Volatile organic compounds concentration Range: chloroformPN-EN ISO 15680:2008Choroform $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ bromodichloromethane $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ dibromochloromethane $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ loromoformbromodichloromethane $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ bromoform $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ letrachloromethane $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ letrachloromethanetetrachloride) $(0,5 - 25) \mu g/l$ l,2-dichloroethylene $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ letrachloroethylenetetrachloroethylene $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ letrachloroethylene $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ letrachloroethylenevinyl chloride $(0,1 - 12,5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0,5 - 100) \mu g/l$ loluenetoluene $(0,5 - 100) \mu g/l$ loluene $(0,5 - 200) \mu g/l$ loluenemethod with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS)Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		Titrimetric method	
Concentration Range: chloroform $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ bromodichloromethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ dibromochloromethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachloride) $(0, 5 - 25) \mu g/l$ 1,2-dichloroethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ trichloroethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloroethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachlorobutadiene $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		Volatile organic compounds	PN-EN ISO 15680:2008
chloroform $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ bromodichloromethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ dibromochloromethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ terrachloromethane (arbon tetrachloride) $(0, 5 - 25) \mu g/l$ 1,2-dichloroethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ trichloroethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloroethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloroethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloroethylene $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		concentration	
biomodichloromethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ dibromochloromethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ bromoform $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachlorothylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ trichloroethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachlorothylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		chloroform $(1.0 - 200) \text{ ug/l}$	
dibromochloromethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ bromoform $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachlorotethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ 1,2-dichlorotethane $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ trichlorotethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachlorotethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		bromodichloromethane $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$	
bromoform $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachloride) $(0,5-25) \mu g/l$ 1,2-dichloroethane $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ trichloroethylene $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloroethylene $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0,1-12,5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0,1-12,5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0,5-100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0,5-100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0,5-200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0,5-200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		dibromochloromethane (1,0 - 200) µg/l	
tetrachloromethane (carbontetrachloride) $(0,5-25) \mu g/l$ 1,2-dichloroethane $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ trichloroethylene $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ tetrachlorobethylene $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0,1-12,5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0,1-12,5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0,5-100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0,5-100) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0,5-200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0,5-200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatographymethod with mass spectrometrydetection (P&T-GC-MS)Sum of volatile organic compounds(calculated)		bromoform $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$	
tetrachioride) $(0, 5-25) \mu g/l$ 1,2-dichloroethane $(1, 0-200) \mu g/l$ trichloroethylene $(1, 0-200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloroethylene $(1, 0-200) \mu g/l$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0, 1-12, 5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0, 1-12, 5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0, 5-100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5-100) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1, 0-200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0, 5-200) \mu g/l$ $0$ -xylene $(0, 5-200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		tetrachloromethane (carbon	
trichloroethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ tetrachloroethylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		tetrachioride) $(0,5-25) \mu g/l$	
tetrachloroothylene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ hexachlorobutadiene $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		trichloroethylene $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$	
hexachlorobutadiene $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ vinyl chloride $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		tetrachloroethylene $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$	
vinyl chloride $(0, 1 - 12, 5) \mu g/l$ benzene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0, 5 - 100) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1, 0 - 200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0, 5 - 200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatographymethod with mass spectrometrydetection (P&T-GC-MS)Sum of volatile organic compounds(calculated)		hexachlorobutadiene (0,1 – 12,5) μg/l	
benzene $(0,5 - 100) \mu g/l$ toluene $(0,5 - 100) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1,0 - 200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0,5 - 200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0,5 - 200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		vinyl chloride $(0,1-12,5) \mu g/l$	
toluene $(0,5-100) \mu g/l$ ethylbenzene $(1,0-200) \mu g/l$ $(m + p)$ -xylene $(0,5-200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0,5-200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		benzene $(0,5-100) \mu g/l$	
$(m + p)-xylene \qquad (0,5 - 200) \mu g/l$ o-xylene $(0,5 - 200) \mu g/l$ Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		toluene $(0,5 - 100) \mu g/l$	
o-xylene (0,5 – 200) µg/l Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		$(m + p)$ -xylene $(0.5 - 200) \mu g/l$	
Purge & Trap gas chromatography method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		o-xylene (0,5 – 200) μg/l	
method with mass spectrometry detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		Purge & Trap gas chromatography	
detection (P&T-GC-MS) Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		method with mass spectrometry	
Sum of volatile organic compounds (calculated)		detection (P& F-GC-MS)	
(calculated)		Sum of volatile organic compounds	
		(calculated)	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested gualities/method	Reference document
Water	Colour	PN-EN ISO 7887:2012 method C:
Drinking water	Bange: $(5 - 70)$ mg/l Pt	PN-EN ISO 7887:2012/Ap1:2015-06
	Spectrophotometric method	
	Turbidity	PN-FN ISO 7027-1:2016-09
	Bange: (0.20 – 800) NTU	
	Nephelometric method	
	Iron concentration	PB-464 ed. L of 01.06.2021 based
	Bange: $(0.02 - 3.00)$ mg/l	on HACH 8008 method
	Spectrophotometric method	
	Manganese concentration	PB-465 ed. I of 01.06.2021 based
	Bange: (0.006 – 0.70) mg/l	on HACH 8149 method
	Spectrophotometric method	
	Aluminium concentration	PB-466 ed. I of 01.06.2021 based
	Range: (0.02 – 0.50) mg/l	on HACH LCK 301 method
	Spectrophotometric method	
	Sum of calcium and magnesium	PN-ISO 6059:1999
	content	
	Total hardness	
	Range: (0,05 – 5,0) mmol/l	
	(5 – 500) mg/l CaCO3	
	Titrimetric method	
	Ammonium ion concentration	PB-462 ed. I of 01.06.2021 based
	Range: (0,05 –1,0) mg/l	on HACH 8155 method
	Spectrophotometric method	
	Permanganate index	PN-EN ISO 8467:2001
	Range: (0,50 – 10) mg/l O <sub>2</sub>	
	Titrimetric method	
Water	Kjeldahl nitrogen concentration	PN-EN 25663:2001
Sewage	Range: (0,50 – 1000) mg/l	
	litrimetric method	DN 100 5004-0000
	Ammonium nitrogen concentration	PIN-150 5664:2002
	Titrimetric method	
	Total phosphorus concentration	PN-FN ISO 6878:2006 p 7
	Bange: $(0.020 - 50.0)$ mg/l	+ Ap1.2010+Ap2.2010
	Spectrophotometric method	
	Total Suspended solids	PN-FN 872:2007+Ap1:2007
	Bange: $(2.0 - 4000)$ mg/l	
	Gravimetric method	
	Chemical oxygen demand-Cr	PN-ISO 15705:2005
	Range: (5,00 – 10000) mg/l O <sub>2</sub>	
	Spectrophotometric method	
	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )	PN-EN ISO 5815-1:2019-12
	Range: (1 – 6000) mg/l O <sub>2</sub>	
	Optical method	
	Total dissolved solids	PN-EN 15216:2010
	Range: (10 – 10000) mg/l	
	Gravimetric method	
	Dry residue	PN-78/C-04541
	Residue on ignition	
	Range: (10 – 10000) mg/l	
	Gravimetric method	
	Ignition loss	
	(calculated)	

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Sewage	Sulphate (VI) concentration	PN-ISO 9280:2002
	Range: (10 – 5000) mg/l	
	Gravimetric method	
	Suspended matters suspension	PN-72/C-04559/03
	Range: (5 -100) ml/l	
	Volumetric method	

Sampling Section Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Water Surface waters	Sampling for microbiological analysis	PN-EN ISO 19458:2007
Air	Air sampling for microbiological analysis Sedimentation and collision (impact) method	PB-250 ed. III of 30.03.2020
Drinking water	Water sampling for chemical and physical analysis Temperature Range: (4,0-50,0) °C	PN-ISO 5667-5:2017-10 PN-77/C-04584
Underground water	Sampling for chemical and physical analysis Temperature Range: (4,0-50,0) °C	PN-ISO 5667-11:2017-10 PN-77/C-04584
Surface water	Sampling for chemical and physical analysis Temperature	PN-ISO 5667-6:2016-12 except p.7.5;7.6 PN-77/C-04584
Sewage	Range: (4,0-50,0) °C Sampling for chemical and physical analysis Manual method Automatic method Temperature of taken sewage sample Range: (4,0-50,0) °C	PN-ISO 5667-10:2021-11 PN-77/C-04584
	Total chlorine concentration Range: (0,05 – 2,0) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-480 ed. I of 24.06.2021 based on HACH 8167 method
	Free chlorine concentration Range: (0,05 – 2,0) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	HACH 8021 method
Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 19 08 01, 19 08 02, 19 08 05,	Sampling for chemical and physical analysis	PB-206 ed. II of 11.04.2019
Sewage sludge Waste <sup>0)</sup> group code: 19 08 05	Sampling for chemical and physical analysis	PN-ISO 5667-13:2011
Sewage sludge	Sampling for microbiological and biological analysis	PB-471 ed. 1 of 26.11.2021
Soil	Sampling for chemical and physical analysis	PN-R-04031:1997 PN-ISO 10381-4:2007 PN-ISO 10381-5:2009
Ground	Sampling for chemical and physical analysis	PN-ISO 10381-4:2007 PN-ISO 10381-5:2009
Environmental samples from food and cosmetics production areas as well as food and cosmetics trade	Sampling from the surface using contact plates and swabs for microbiological analysis	PN-EN ISO 18593:2018-08
Water on the swimming pools	Sampling for microbiological. chemical and physical analysis Temperature Range: (4,0-50,0) °C	PB-378 ed. II of 08.01.2021 PN-77/C-04584

<sup>O)</sup> Waste codes given according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue.

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Water (including water on the swimming pools)	Oxidant-reducing potential (Redox) vs. Ag/AgCl 3,5 mol KCl Range: (200 - 1000) mV Potentiometric method	PB-377 ed. II of 30.03.2020
	Chloramines concentration Range: (0,05 – 4,0) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-469 ed. I of 08.01.2021 based on HACH no. 10200 method
	Chloramines concentration Range: (0,05 – 4,0) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-358 ed. III of 30.03.2020 based on Palintest method
	Total chlorine concentration Range (0,05-5,0) mg/l Colorimetric method	
	Combined chlorine concentration (calculated)	
	Ozone concentration Range: (0,03 – 0,75) mg/l Spectrophotometric method	PB-468 ed. I of 03.06.2021 based on HACH no. 8311 method
Water, sewage	pH Range: 4,0-10,0 Potentiometric method	PN-EN ISO 10523:2012
Water Drinking water Sewage	Dissolved oxygen concentration Range: (0,2 – 15) mg/l O <sub>2</sub> Optical method	ISO 17289:2014

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Sampling carried out for the purposes of	of the regulated area:	
<ul> <li>Regulation of the Minister of Economy of 16 July 2015 on the acceptance of waste at landfills (Journal of Laws of 2015, item 1277)</li> <li>Regulation of the Minister of the Environment of 6 February 2015 on municipal sewage sludge (Journal of Laws of 2015, item 257)</li> </ul>		
Waste DAB-11:	Sampling for chemical and physical	PB-206, ed. II of 11.04.2019
-Sediments and mineral wastes (I); -Construction waste (III); -Waste from waste treatment (VI); -Sewage sludge (IX); -Slags, ashes and furnace dust (XI); -Other municipal waste, including mixed waste (XXVIII) -Sediments from industrial processes (VII) -Waste from the processing of petroleum, natural gas and coal (XXI) -Plastics (XXV); -Wood (XXVI); -Leather and textiles (XXVII)	analysis	

DAB-11) Waste codes according to Minister of Climate Regulation on the waste catalogue for the validation group are given in Annex No. 1 to DAB-11.

Sample Homogenization and Physical Analysis Section Chwaszczyńska 180, 81-571 Gdynia		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Oilseeds	Impurities content Range: (0,1 – 20) % Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 658:2004 ISO 658:2002
Fish and fishery products and seafood	Glaze content Range: (5,0 – 45,0) % (m/m) Gravimetric method	CODEX STAN 165-1989 (Rev. 1-1995) PB-281 ed. IV of 11.01.2021
Cereals and cereal products	Gluten content Range: (15 – 37) % Gravimetric method	PN-77/A-74041 p. 2.5.2.
Cereals	Bulk density (mass per hectolitre) Range: (35 – 90) kg/hl Gravimetric method	PN-EN ISO 7971-3:2019
Canned meat	Tightness Vacuum method Visual method	PN-A-82055-4:1997+Az1:2002
Canned meat	Content of melt fat and jelly Range: (1,0 – 25,0) % Gravimetric method	PN-A-82056:1985 p. 2.3.8
Canned vegetables, fruit, meat and vegetable	Tightness Vacuum method	PN-A-75052-02:1990
Tea and coffee, Food concentrates, Meat and meat products, Milk and dairy products, Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products, Fish and fishery products and seafood, Sweets and sugar confectionery, Herbal raw materials and products, spices, Foodstuffs for particular nutritional uses, Animal and vegetable fats and oils, Cereals and cereal products, Frozen products, Ready-made culinary products, Food additives, Products used in animal nutrition	Weight Range: (1,0 – 5000) g Gravimetric method	PB-281 ed. IV of 11.01.2021
Dietary supplements	vveignt Range: (0,15 – 100) g Gravimetric method	PB-281 ed IV of 11.01.2021
Canned meat	Weight Range: (50,0 – 5000) g Gravimetric method	PN-A-82056:1985 p. 2.3.5
Fruits, vegetables, fruit and vegetable products and vegetable with meat products	Weight Range: (50,0 – 5000) g Gravimetric method	PN-A-75101-15:1990 p. 2

Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Milk and milk products,	Volume measurement	PB-369 ed. I of 04.01.2018
Alcoholic beverages,	Range: (50 - 2000) ml	
Non-alcoholic beverages,	Volumetric method	
Liquid food concentrates,	Volume measurement	
Liquid dietary supplements	Range: (50 - 5000) ml	
Vegetable and fruits juices, nectars	Gravimetric method	
Drinking water,	Carbon dioxide concentration	PB-491 ed. 1 of 29.12.2021
Non-alcoholic beverages,	Range: (2,9 – 8,0) g/l	
Beer	Pressure method	

Dermatology and Stability Section Bajana 3D, 80-463 Gdańsk		
Subject of testing/product	Type of activity/tested qualities/method	Reference document
Cosmetic products, household chemistry products intended to come into contact with skin, hygiene products	Presence of an allergic reaction/contact eczema In vivo skin irritation method – open test	PB-562 ed. 2 of 30.10.2023
Cosmetic products, household chemistry products intended to come into contact with skin, hygiene products	Presence of an allergic reaction/contact eczema In vivo skin irritation method – semi- open and closed test	PB-561 ed. 2 of 30.10.2023

## Summary of changes Scope of Accreditation No. AB 079

Status change: original version - A